Gorbachev to meet Reagan, Bush

WASHINGTON (R) — President Reagan and President-elect George Bush will meet Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev next month for a cordial meeting, not a summit, the White House said Tuesday. "This will not be a summit meeting in any traditional sense." White House spokesman Mariin Fizwater said. "It will rather be a cordial meeting between superpower leaders reflecting the friendship they have created and the historic change in relations between the United States and the Soviet Union," Fitzwater said. "It is expected that this brief meeting will help smooth the transition from the president (Reagan) to the president-elect (Bush)," Fitzwater said. "It will ensure that the momentum and continuity of the arms control talks are extended, and it will reaffirm the relations between the general secretary and the new president of the United States as we enter the decade of the '90s. Obviously there will be substance discussed," including the status of U.S.-Soviet negotiations to halve long-range nuclear missiles. But he added: "I would not look at it as a meeting to resolve issues, to make decisions on specific problems. Gorbachev on diplomatic drive, page 8

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AROUND THE WORLD...

Mother Teresa ends visit to S. Africa

PRETORIA (AP) - Nobel laureate Mother Teresa ended a one-week trip to South Africa with a visit Tuesday to a vast black squatter camp, and a pro-government newspaper praised her for not discussing politics during her stay. The 78-year-old missionary, winner of the 1979 Nobel Peace Prize, visited a retirement home, a church and a high school in Winterveld, a shantytown inhabited by an estimated 500,000 blacks north of Pretoria. At each stop, Mother Teresa was welcomed by cheering crowds and gave brief speeches urging people to love one another.

Turkish court releases Greeks

ANKARA (R) - Four Greek protesters whose arrest sparked violent demonstrations in Athens were released from detention Tuesday but banned from leaving Turkey. The four were detained Nov. 4 after demonstrating at an Ankara military trial of suspected extreme leftists. They are accused of supporting an illegal armed group by staging the protest and face up to five years in jail if convicted. Doctors Georgios Kouvides, 32, and Kostas Nikiforakis, 38, architect Kikos Belavilas, 29 and union representative Nikos Yannapoulos, 31, were brought into the state security court by soldiers when their trial opened Tuesday. The court lifted detention orders on them but ordered police to hold their passports until the next hearing Nov. 24.

China shows off arms for sale

PEKING (AP) — China opened an international exhibit of its arsenal Tuesday complete with scale models and videos of the weapons in action. The China Precision Machinery Import and Export Corp., one of the country's largest arms makers, said it was putting six new missiles on the market during the four-day Asian defence technology exposition, or Asiandex 88. They included several medium-range coastal defence missiles intended to replace the Silkworm. Western experts said the new missiles and other weapons shown at Asiandex re aiready being promoted to potential buyers, and the show contained no surprises.

Libya says U.S. shot down plane

ROME (AP) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi told Italian reporters it was an American missile that shot down an Italian airliner in 1980 but offered no proof, newspapers said Tuesday. He also brushed aside allegations that the DC-9 that crashed in the Tyrrhenian Sea while on a flight from Bologna to Palermo, Sicily, may have been downed by a Libyan jet. All 81 people aboard were killed. Qadhafi met Monday with Italian correspondents who came to Libya to report on the release of 11 Italian fishermen arrested in August on charges of violating Libya's territorial waters.

White gunman kills three blacks

JOHANNESBURG (R) - A white gunman killed three blacks and wounded 16 others when he rampaged through the streets of central Pretoria firing an automatic weapon into mainly black crowds Tuesday. Eyewitnesses said the street outside the South African capital's state theatre was strewn with bodies as blacks dived for being overpowered by a police flying squad and taken away. Police s id they could not confirm whether the gunman had singled out backs as targets.

Sri Lankan rebels kill eight

COLOMBO (R) — A Sri Lankan rebel group killed eight people in the south and pursued a campaign of strikes and civil disobedience, military sources said Tuesday. Gunmen from the People's Liberation Front shot dead a father and his two sons Monday after dragging them from a house in Monaragala in the southeast. Military reports said gummen also killed five people from other villages. Military officials in the south said front members continued to threaten workers to keep up a strike and civil disobedience campaign, but that at least 65 per cent of workers had returned to their jobs.

Hirohito receives first transfusion in 7 days

TOKYO (R) — Japan's Emperor Hirohito received a blood transfusion for the first time in seven days Tuesday and his condition remained critical but stable, a palace official said. Spokesman Kenji Maeda said the 87-year-old emperor received a 200-cc transfusion to bolster his blood pressure, but had not lost any further blood. The world's longest-reigning monarch has received around 20 litres of blood since he collapsed Sept. 19.

Bush to keep Brady in treasury

WASHINGTON (R) - President-elect George Bush said Tuesday be planned to retain Reagan administration Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady in the same job in his cabinet. Bush, speaking to reporters at the vice-presidential mansion, said he was proud to select Brady and praised his "knowledge of financial markets at home and abroad."

Arms teams hope for progress under Bush

GENEVA (R) - U.S. and Soviet arms negotiators held their final plenary meeting of the Reagan administration Tuesday and expressed hope for progress towards reducing long-range nuclear weapons under President-elect George Bush. Chief U.S. negotiator Max Kampelman told a news conference that the two sides had made major progress in completing a joint draft text providing for a halving of strategic nuclear weapons but major disagreements remained. "President-elect Bush is dedicated to pursuing vigorously our efforts in Geneva," he said after a three-hour meeting of 29 American and 23 Soviet negotiators. His Soviet counterpart, Alexei Obukhov, told reporters shortly before the session at the Soviet mission: "We are hoping for good progress in our future negotiations."

Walesa accepts TV debate challenge

WARSAW (AP) - Solidarity leader Lech Walesa Tuesday accepted the challenge for a televised debate on the topic of trade unions with the head of Poland's official trade union alliance. Alfred Miodowicz, politburo member and chairman of the OPZZ, the All-Poland Alliance of Trade Unions, made the challenge during an interview in Tuesday's edition of the Communist Party newspaper Trybuna Ludu. "In connection with Alfred Miodowicz's proposal... concerning a public meeting, I state that I accept it," Walesa said in a statement issued Tuesday afternoon.

Kohl meets with Reagan

WASHINGTON (AP) - West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl paid a whirlwind visit to Washington Tuesday for a farewell meeting with President Ropald Reagan and a ground-breaking session with President-elect George Bush. Kohl and Margaret Thatcher, who was to arrive Tuesday evening, are the first foreign leaders to meet with Bush since he was elected last week to take over from Reagan in January. Thatcher will meet with Reagan Wednesday and Bush Thursday. Kohi and Thatcher are among the closest allies of the United States and have met frequently with the U.S. leaders.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan is received upon his return home from a brief working visit to Turkey Tuesday by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Royal Court Chief Marwan Al Qasem, and Court Minister Adnan Abu Odeh (Petra photo)

Delivers King's message

Prince Hassan holds talks with Evren, Ozal

ANKARA (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan met in Ankara Tuesday with Turkish President Kanaan Evren and conveyed to him a message from His Majesty King Hussein dealing with the latest developments in the Middle East. Prince Hassan and the Turkish

president reviewed international and regional issues and Jordanian-Turkish relations in the course of consultations and coordination between the two coun-

Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal attended the meeting. Shortly after his arrival here on brief working visit earlier in the day, Prince Hassan held talks

with Ozal on means of bolstering bilateral ties and Middle East developments. Prince Hassan's talks in Turkey were expected to cover subjects

situation in the Middle East. Prince Hassan visited Turkey

in December last year and held talks with Evren and Ozal on Middle East developments, the situation in the Gulf and means to realise wide and effective cooperation between Jordan and Turkey politically and economically.

Prince Hassan's current visit follows the signing by the two countries last September of an agreement to organise transit and transport operations and another one on facilitating and developing

According to the agreement signed in Turkey, the two sides undertook to exchange information on economic growth in either country's markets with the aim of increasing trade and expanding economic and industrial cooperation.

of concern to the Islamic World and questions pertaining to the Hassan returned home.

investment law amended

AMMAN (Petra) — The ment of losses and profits. Cabinet, meeting in a regular session chaired by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Tuesday decided to approve an amendment to the law of investments. The amendment guarantees unification of tax and fee exemption periods for all economic projects undertaken in developing areas. The exemption period now becomes five years from the date of production based on the principle of adjust- Antiquities.

The amendment also singles out projects undertaken in two specific development areas as deserving investments on certain conditions from the investment promotion fund.

In another decision, the Cabinet approved the appointment of Dr. Ghazi Bisha as director-general of the Department of

Pakistan polls amid hopes for new era

ISLAMABAD (Agencies) — Pakistanis vote Wednesday amid widespread hopes that the country can break into a new democratic era after 11 years of military-led government.

Leaders of Benazir Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party (PPP) and the rival Islamic Democratic Alliance joined a flood of newspaper editorials in praying for fair and peaceful polis.

We appeal to the people and

our opponents to keep the peace and let people cast their votes without any pressure," PPP Secretary-General Tikka Khan told reporters. "The result of such voting should be respected." "If peace is maintained, Pakis-

tanis will look forward to a peaceful and stable Pakistan," alliance spokesman Murtaza Pooya said at another news conference. "The eyes of the world are on

you now," chief election commissioner S.A. Nusrat told the nation in a television broadcast Monday night. "Don't disappoint your friends by not accepting the results."

Election officers delivered ballots, boxes and government stamps to about 33,500 polling stations in the country for the elections, expected to be a close race between Bhutto and the nine-party IDA.

It was to be the first national voting open to political parties in more than a decade and comes less than three months after the death of President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq.

The government said it was main contest.



Benazir Bhutto

deploying hundreds of thousands of army, police and paramilitary troops around the country to head off any election violence. Polling is from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

(0300-1200 GMT) and first results are expected late Wednesday night, election officials said. But. barring a landslide, the shape of the new government may not be clear for days.

The main party contest is for 199 directly elected seats, though in two constituencies polling has been postponed following the deaths of candidates.

A further eight seats go to tribal areas in the north-west and 10 to non-Muslim minorities. Both groups traditionally side with the party which wins the

Arab states endorse independence declaration

Jordan recognises Palestinian state

From Rania Atalla and Najwa Najjar in Algiers and a Jordan Times Staff Writer in Amman

JORDAN Tuesday recognised the independent Palestinian state declared by the Palestine National Council (PNC) in Algiers and voiced the Kingdom's support for the resolutions adopted by the council.

Jordan News Agency, Petra, after a Cabinet meeting, Prime al peace conference. Minister Zaid Rifai said the Council of Ministers discussed the Palestinian independence document as well as a political statement issued by the PNC.

"Jordan has, from the very beginning, recognised the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people and that the PNC embodies the will of the Palestinian people," Rifai told Petra. "The government, upon the directives of His Majesty King Hussein, will do its utmost to support the PLO in its efforts to ensure the national rights of the Palestinian people, including the right to selfdetermination and to establish an independent state on its national

The prime minister said Jordan wishes the PLO every success.

Khajawneh statement

Earlier, Information Minister Hani Khasawneh welcomed the proclamation of the independent Palestinian state.

In a statement to Agence France Presse, the minister said: Jordan has aiready announced that it would welcome any decision by the Palestinian brothers...

"Jordan welcomes the PNC proclamation and hopes that the Palestinian people will be able to attain their national objectives and establish an independent Palestinian state," he said.

"Jordan considers the PNC's acceptance of U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 as a significant development, which ought to be studied with the Palestinian and Arab

In a statement given to the said Jordan welcomes the PNC's call for convening an internation-

Khasawneh pointed out that Jordan and the late King Abdullah in particular had advised the Palestinians to accept Resolution 181 approved by the U.N. General Assembly in 1947 providing for the partition of Palestine into

Arab and Jewish states.

In Algiers, PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, who read out the independence declaration in the early hours of Tuesday, called on

The minister said that Jordan

phere with the Palestinian

PLO call on U.S., Israel

the United States and Israel to respond to the new Middle East peace initiative enshrined in the PNC's independence declaration and acceptance of U.N. Security Council Resolution 242. Addressing a press conference

Tuesday afternoon, Arafat said: "It is true that this PNC session

was of the intifada, but it could be 'appreciates the proclamation's the session of peace if the Amer-

positive and brotherly spirit to-wards Jordan and is keen on By a majority vote of 2 By a majority vote of 253-46 maintaining this brotherly atmos- and 10 abstentions, the PNC voted late Monday night to accept Resolution 242, along with other U.N. resolutions on the Arab-Israeli conflict, as the basis for an international peace conference on the Middle East.

"The ball is now in the American court," Arafat told the press conference.

Commenting on Israel's immediate rejection of the PNC declaration and political statement, the PLO chairman said: "Our political statement contains moderation, flexibility and realism, which the West has been

(Continued on page 2)

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Defiant Palestinians read and signed a declaration of independence at Al Aqsa mosque Tuesday in the heart of Arab Jerusalem.

U.N. official said thousands of Palestinians chanting "Falastin, Falastin" poured into the streets after nightfall, defying an Israeli army curfew for a second succes-

sive day.

The city is engulied in pitch darkness because there has been no electricity since noon. But you can hear from all directions the slogans... and see lots of sparks from improvised fireworks," the official told Reuters by tele-

He said troops in armoured personnel carriers and jeeps made no effort to confront the crowds as long as they stayed off the main streets.

Palestinian teenagers ignored threats of jail and fines for celebrating the declaration of independence, taking to the streets to set off firecrackers, launch balloons, unfurl national flags and sing the anthem "My Homeland, My Homeland."

Tyres were set aftre in Gaza, including one in front of the brothers." the minister said. He Israeli-owned Bank Leumi.

1967, dozens of Palestinians ran new Jewish settlements. through the streets singing and setting off fireworks.

Soldiers in jeeps drove through In the occupied Gaza Strip, a the West Bank ordering Palestinians to return to their homes. "Everybody who goes out will endanger his life," one soldier announced over a loudspeaker in Bethlehem. The army sealed the West

> ning reporters from going into the occupied lands without army escort. Israeli leaders rejected the Palestinian declaration of independence, saying the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) failed to renounce "terrorism" or

Bank and Gaza_Strip_barring

Palestinian movements and ban-

clearly recognise the Zionist state. they faced an uphill battle in blunting a PLO drive to win recognition for statehood.

failed to win acceptance from any serious demonstrations. of Israel's mainstream political

In Bethlehem, under curfew West Bank and Gaza Strip and to orders for the first time since launch a new drive to establish

The foreign ministry, which issued the coalition government's official reaction, contended that the Algiers declaration was ambiguous and full of "double talk" that obscured the PLO's "commitment to terrorism and violence."

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir ... argued that the moderation in PLO language was merely tactical, part of an overall strategy to "destroy" the Jewish state.

Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, the head of the Labour Party and an opponent of Shamir, ld be no Pa ere con state without negotiations involving Israel.

learly recognise the Zionist "I think it's yet another attempt to avoid making une-Officials conceded, however, quivocal decisions," he said. Most of Israel's 600,000 Arab citizens staged a general strike Tuesday, closing services in big The Palestinian statehood areas such as Galilee but avoiding

Organisers said the strike was parties, and only leftist groups not called to support the Palestipraised the PLO for moderation, nian declaration of independ-Extreme right-wing groups ence, but many Israeli Arabs symurged the government to respond pathised with the creation of a by annexing part or all of the Palestinian state alongside Israel.

New 'unity' coalition in offing in Israel

Prime Minister-designate Yitzhak Shamir said Tuesday he would ask the Labour Party to join him in a broad-based coalition and Labour leader Shimon Peres said he agreed "in principle" to the

Shamir's statement represented a turnaround in his earlier rejection of forming a "national unity" government with Labour.

But if was by no means certain agreement would be reached because a bitter rivalry grew up between the two leaders who were forced to share power after the 1984 elections ended in stale-Shamir had said he did not want

another government with "two voices" that he said would be paralysed on key issues. Analysts said, however, that Shamir could avoid infighting in

by stretching the coalition to in- serious bid." clude other parties. A "national unity" government

would also blunt the bargaining

power of ultra-orthodox factions and extreme right-wing parties. Shamir was to discuss the proposal at a meeting Tuesday night with Peres and other Labour officials, a day after being chosen by President Chaim Herzog to form

Israel's next government.

"I have invited the Labour Party for coalition talks," Shamir said on Israel Radio. "I would like to create as broad a government as possible because I believe that such a government will be able to serve Israel in the best

Peres responded by saying on the radio that "in principle we are not against a unity government, but if it is an attempt to push us

TEL AVIV (Agencies) - Israeli his Likud bloc over cabinet posts into a corner it would not be a three-fourths of Israel's 3.5 mil-

Peres' party is divided over tion in which policies may be too diluted to offer substantial towards Middle East peace negotiations. For example, Labour may be forced to drop its support for an international conference.

ported there were growing calls for Peres' ouster in response to his agreement to discuss a joint government. Party colleagues accused Peres in a closed-door forum of trying to survive politically "at any price," it said.

Support for a broad-based government has, however, been building in the Israeli public mainly because of concern that religious parties will try to force major changes in the lives of the

lion Jews.

Defence Minister Yitzhak whether to join a Likud-led coali- Rabin, Peres' party rival, said Labour should join Likud to block the emergence of a narrow right-wing government commit-ted to new Jewish settlements in the occupied territories.

In a "national unity" govern-

The liberal Haaretz daily rement, Rabin is likely to win the defence ministry over Likud candidates Moshe Arens and Ariel Sharon, architect of Israel's 1982 invasion of Lebanon. A senior Labour party source said Peres would only agree to

join Likud if Shamir promised Labour two of the top four ministries and equal partnership in the 10-member inner cabinet.

"He (Shamir) has to offer us parity... a completely symmetric division of portfolios," said the secular majority, who make up source.

Accord reached on Namibia independence

GENEVA (R) --- Cuban, Angolan and South African negotiators agreed Tuesday, subject to approval by their governments, terms and timetables for a Cuban withdrawal from Angola in exchange for Namiblan independence, a South African official said.

"If our governments approve the document we have negotiated here, then we are looking to (meeting in) Brazzaville to sign," chief South African negotiator Nell van Heerden told reporters after a joint meeting at which celebratory

champague flowed. Cuban and Angolan delegates confirmed shortly afterwards that agreement had been

"We are satisfied," said Cuban delegation leader General Carlos Aldana. "It has been a very laborious, very intense process. We are at the towering moment. With a coustructive will we are now mov-

ing to Brazzaville."

Asked whether Cuba was ready to withdraw its estimated 50,000 troops, which have been there since shortly after Angola's independence in 1975, Aldana said: "We are ready to bring them home. It is time."

No timetable was announced. Before leaving for the airport, van Heerden said no deadline had been set for approval by the respective governments but

added that, if accepted, this would be the final round before a signing ceremony in Brazzaville, the Congolese capital. The negotiators in Geneva are not authorised to sign a

The latest five-day round of talks, mediated by U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs Chester Crocker, was the ninth since May.

final agreement.

Under negotiation were undertakings by Cuba to pull out of Angola and by South Africa to permit the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 435, under which seven decades of white South African rule in Namible:

Crocker had proposed that the Cubans leave within two years from the start of implementation of Resolution 435. delegates said, but this timetable was adjusted during the negotiations.

Though delegates said Tuesday's agreement covered the terms and timetable of the withdrawal, the actual starting date will still have to be settled.

"We arrived at a consensus on an agreement that our goveraments must confirm," said Angolan delegation chief General Autonio dos Santos

Franca, known as "Ndahı," "The implementation date is not yet decided. That must be decided in Brazzaville."

الملذا صدر الأحل

Peace in 10 days if Iran willing, Iraqi leader says

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein has said that his country and Iran could sign a peace treaty in 10 days if Tehran was willing, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) reported.

INA quoted Hussein as saying during a ceremony in Baghdad Monday awarding medals for valour to Iraqi soldiers: "In 10 days, everyone (Iran and Iraq) could be a peace if the will and decisions were there."

Iran and Iraq have been locked in stalled peace talks since Aug. 25, five days after a United Nations-sponsored ceasefire halted fighting the eight-year-old Gulf

The talks in Geneva recessed Friday and are scheduled to resume "in the near future."

Both sides blame the other for the lack of progress in the negotiations, which have deadlocked over the withdrawal of forces to the pre-war border.

Iran insists the southern border was defined as the middle of the Shatt Al Arab waterway under a 1975 treaty which it considers still

Iraq has abrogated the treaty. Iraq wants the Shatt Al Arab. its main outlet to the Gulf, to be dredged and reopened to shipping as soon as possible. But Iran, whose coastline runs the

urging us to show."

He said should this new peace

day to the PNC session, Arafat

declared that the new Palestinian

state would have Jerusalem as its

capital and would be governed by

a "democratic parliamentary sys-

tem based on freedom of express-ion and multiple parties."

Council hereby declares the

establishment of a Palestinian

state with Jerusalem as its capital,

which will be for all Palestinians

wherever they are," Arafat said.

state's borders, except to say that

U.N. General Assembly Resolu-

tion 181 that provided for sepa-

rate Jewish and Arab states in

Palestine still provides the basis

for "international legitimacy."

Reactions

Most Arab countries issued

statements Tuesday welcoming

the PNC move and extending

In addition to Jordan, those

recognition to the independent

Palestinian state.

Arafat did not describe the new

'The Palestinian National

entire length of the Gulf, insists that troop withdrawals must

come first. Hussein noted that Iraq has been seeking peace since 1985 and said it would accept the U.N. ceasefire resolution when it was approved July 20 last year.

Iran equivocated until July this year, when it unconditionally accepted after a series of battlefield defeats.

We advise them (the Iranians) to take a peace decision. Then we can reach an understanding in a few sessions and everything is Hussein said Monday.

Hussein said for the first time that a peace agreement would give Iran navigation rights in the

Shatt Al Arab waterway. "Irrespective of the legal situation of the Shatt, navigation would be for both sides," he said. "It should be cleaned because it is

indispensable for us." Hussein said both countries had no alternative to a real peace which would safeguard the other's territorial integrity on

Iran claims that Iraq occupies how to fix the ceasefire... we land, sea and air.

recognising the state included Algeria, Bahrain, Iraq, Kuwait,

nian state is an important step

towards achievement of a peace-

ful settlement of the Middle East

crisis through agreement among

"this state will realise the hopes and aspirations of the Palestinian

people in building up their

national and pan-Arab identity

Perez de Cuellar welcomed the

PNC decision to recognise Israel

and said it opens new opportuni-

ties for progress towards peace.

United Nations later this month

to report the declaration of

Palestinian statehood and its

"The secretary-general be-lieves that this session of the PNC

has been of the greatest signifi-

cance," his spokesman, Francois

Giuliani, told reporters, reading a

"He feels that all concerned

should now seize the opportunity

to make a determined new effort

position towards Israel.

statement

Arafat was expected to visit the

U.N. Secretary-General Javier

on their national soil."

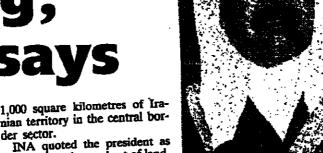
A Kuwait Foreign Ministry

ent said Kuwait hopes

all parties to the conflict."

Caudi Acabia, North and

(Continued from page 1)



Saddam Hussein

saying: "Iran is not short of land,

space and free waters... let each

of us live freely in his own home-

land, without interference in in-

"The phase of interference in

the internal affairs of others is

over and the one who seeks peace

should be at peace with the Arab

"Each one should be free, Iraq not interfering in Iran's affairs or

Iran interfering in our or the Arabs' affairs," he said.

Iranian territory, he said, neither

would it let Tehran gain any Iraqi

Iraq would not keep an inch of

He said there was no problem

with land borders since they had

been delineated by former agree-

ments and both countries would

gain from the principle of non-

He noted that Iraq "harbours no ambitions in Iran, but we do

not accept that Iran take some-

thing by greedy means and in

Referring to the peace talks, he

to achieve a just and lasting solu-

tion to the conflict in the Middle

could not unilaterally declare an

independent Palestinian state,

but it hailed the Palestinians'

direct negotiations by the parties

concerned," White House

spokesman Marlin Fitzwater told

not yet studied in detail the ac-

believe there have been positive the PNC,

elements to this meeting, most noticeably their vote on 242 and

Moscow welcomed the PNC

proclamation as a step towards a

Middle East solution. But it gave

no indication whether it would

recognise the state, saying it had

not yet been asked to do so. The official TASS news agency

praised the PLO's constructive

spirit. It said acceptance by the

PNC of Resolution 242 removed

all obstacles to an international

Iran described the move as a

"retreat" by the PLO and Syria's

official media ignored the Algiers

meeting. Hardline Palestinian

guerrilla groups based in Damas-

cus have fiercely denounced Ara-

huge operation to clamp down on

The Israeli army mounted a

fat's "concessions" to Israel.

peace conference.

338," Fitzwater added.

While the United States has

The White House said the PLO

added: "We are still discussing

certain circumstances."

ternal affairs...

interference.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

Jordan recognises Palestinian state

want the ceasefire to be fixed so that no spark could flare up and

cause us a problem. "The ceasefire should be fixed in a detailed document, providing balanced benefits for the two parties on land, sea and air. It cannot be allowed that one party would utilise it while the other

Hussein said Iraq had only 12 divisions when the war broke out but now had 77 divisions as well as the Republican Guards.

"We did not stop forming new units until a few days before the ceasefire. Had the war continued we could have formed more than 100 divisions," he said.

He said the Defence Ministry had been told to discharge soldiers according to how peace talks developed. 'Iraqis are heading towards a

new life of permanent peace and I hope the Iranians will enjoy

celebrations by the estimated 1.3

million Palestinians in the occu-

Arab Jerusalem.

pied West Bank, Gaza Strip and

Israeli air power muted the

rejoicing at two Palestinian re-

fugee camps near Sidon in South

Lebanon. Jets flew constant

"their most dangerous aspect is

that they threaten the unity of our

people inside the occupied terri-

tories, and deal a blow to the

unity of the land (of Palestine)."

The Popular Front for the Li

beration of Palestine-General

Command, led by Ahmad Jibril,

issued a communique saying:

"This is a black day in our his-

tory, as they are trying to fool our

people through declaring an illu-sion independence to cover their

renouncing most of the Palesti-

seemed to be expressing the

European line when it called the

proclamation premature.

although it welcomed the PNC

call for an international Middle

Portuguese Foreign Minister Joao de Deus Pinheiro said he

saw the PLO's declaration as a

political move aimed at building

up pressure for an international

In Paris, officials said France

approved the PLO's new direc-

tion but it was unlikely to recog-

East peace conference.

Britain's Foreign Office

nian territory.

conference.

nise the state.

Sultan: Ties with Iran contingent on non-interference in internal affairs

KUWAIT (AP) — Şandi Arabian Defence Minister Prince Sultan Ibn Abdul Aziz said diplomatic relations with Iran could only be resumed if Tehran refrains from interfering in Saudi internal affairs, the Kuwait daily Al

Seyassah said Tuesday. We consider Iran an Islamic state. But at the same time we insist that the restoration of relations be coherent with our principles," Prince Sultan said in an interview with the daily.

Saudi Arabia broke ties with Iran last April, accusing Tehran of terrorism and subver-

But the Saudi leadership under King Fahd has been making reconciliatory gestures to Iran fol-lowing the Aug. 20 ceasefire in the Gulf war.

Tehran threatened to export its revolutionary form of Islam to the rest of the Gulf region, while shipping lines to Saudi Arabia and Kuwait also were at risk from

the Iran-Iraq war.
More than 400 pilgrims died in

clashes with Saudi police when Iranian pilgrims staged political demonstrations in 1987 at the annual Hajj to Mecca.

Citing renovations at the holy sites, Saudi Arabia restricted the number of pilgrims last summer to one per thousand from each country, which would have limited Iranian participation to 45,000 pilgrims. The Iranians

boycotted the Hajj. We differed with Iran because our relationship with it ran counter to our principles. We will respect Iran when it respects our principles," Prince Sultan said.

The kingdom will not change its principles. To restore relations with Iran, it should stick to the pilgrims' quota, refrain from meddling in our internal affairs and from turning the Hajj season into a political occasion that contradicts Islamic teachings," he

Prince Sultan added that recent statements made by King Fahd to Iran were "a frank invitation to Iran to forget the question of its



Prince Sultan Iba Abdul Aziz

relations with the kingdom and perform its role towards Islamic institutions.

He said that King Fahd urged an Islamic state despite the sever-

Prince Sultan also defended the government's spending record on arms and development since the

oil boom of the 1970s. He put defence expenditure at more than \$30 million and said it represented only one-third of

what the government spent on three development plans. "The kingdom is a continent with vast areas and more than 28 airports. We have to defend our

country and our creed," he said. Prince Sultan said: "Sandi Arabia enjoys a special standing. It has to be the state of security and safety. Compared to armament programmes of other states of the world, our's is a modest one."

"If tension subsides and security is maintained in the region. the kingdom and other GCC (Gulf Cooperation Council) states may cut their defence

spending," he said.
The GCC groups Saudi Arabia Iran to resume its Islamic role with Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain, and attend all Islamic meetings as Oman and the United Arab Emi-

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Libya, Morocco discuss Arab unity

RABAT (R) - A senior emissary of Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi is in Morocco on a second Libyan attempt this year to promote Arab unity, officials said Tuesday. They said Khouildi Lahmidi, member of the revolutionary command, would meet King Hassan and other officials before going on to Tunisia on a similar mission. Lahmidi, one of four Libyan envoys touring the Arab World, told the national news agency MAP that his talks in Morocco would cover bilateral issues. In July Libyan envoys explained to Arab leaders Qadhafi's proposal for a confederation of Arab states and asked for their response by September 1989, the 20th anniversary of the Libyan revolution. The proposed confederation would have a joint supreme council of heads of state with a rotating chairmanship, although each country would maintain its independence and foreign relations.

Greek court defers extradition ruling

ATHENS (AP) - The Supreme Court Tuesday postponed its decision on the extradition of a Palestinian wanted by the United States for the 1982 bombing of a Pan Am jetliner because it lacked key documents in the case. The president of the five-member supreme court panel said it would issue its decision on Mohammad Rashid when the United States supplied documents it needed to Rashid when the United States supplied documents it needed make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling. "We will postpone our decision until we get the make a ruling." Said Panayiotis documents, if it takes a day, a week or a month," said Panayiotis documents, if it takes a day, a week or a month," said Panayiotis documents. The proposition of the Areos of the criminal division of the Areos of the proposition of the Are

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Israel, which destroyed an Iraqi nuclear plant seven years ago, joined the United States in opposing a U.N. resolution Monday reaffirming a bar on armed attacks on any kind against such installations. Ninety-nine members of the y's main political committee supported the resolution, which termed such attacks tantamount to radiological warfare since they could release dangerous radioactivity. The Tammuz I nuclear research centre near Baghdad was bombed by Israeli aircraft June 7, 1981. The Israeli authorities claimed they feared Iraq would use the installation, which had not gone on line, to develop its own atomic weapon. Thirty countries, including all members of the European Economic Community, abstained in the

Greek-Cypriots storm U.N. checkpoint

NICOSIA (R) — Greek-Cypriot students Tuesday stormed the main U.N. checkpoint on divided Cyprus in a protest marking the fifth anniversary of the declaration of a Turkish-Cypriot state. Eyewitnesses said about 1,000 high school and college students tore their way with bare hands through two barbed-wire barricades erected by U.N. peacekeeping troops to keep the demonstrators from the Turkish-Cypriot side of the dividing line. Turkish troops backed by riot police deployed behind barbed wire at the Ledra Palace checkpoint to halt the students, who sat down in front of the barricade chanting anti-Turkish slogans and waving Greek and Cypriot flags. North of Nicosia, Turkish paratroopers jumped from aircraft and unfurled Turkish flags as part of the anniversary

Sudan's defence chief supports peace deal KHARTOUM (R) - Sudan's freeze on plans to reintroduce

defence minister threw his weight
Tuesday behind a peace pact from the Ethiopian capital. which militants say amounts to surrender after five years of civil

"We believe in peace and hope the talks to achieve peace in Sudan will be successful," Abdui Maged Hamed Khalil was quoted as saying by SUNA, the official Sudanese news agency.

The army was more keen to see an end to the bush war than any other group in Sudan, the minis-ter told the Khartoum press.

Reports from Addis Ababa say one of three main partners in Sudan's coalition government, the Democratic Unionist Party (DUP), is about to sign a peace pact with guerrillas of the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA).

But one of the other coalition members, the militant National Islamic Front (NIF) which wants to revive Sharia law in Sudan. described the DUP-SPLA pact as

Sharia, according to the reports NIF Political Affairs Secretary Ali Al Haj Mohammad said the only path to peace open to the SPLA was to enter unconditional

talks with the government, the NIF newspaper Al Raya re-Prime Minister Sadeq Mahdi's government and his Umma Party have not taken partin the negotiations with the rebel although he has given his person,

al blessing to the peace moves. The SPLA has been fighting i famine and flood-hit south Sud since 1983 to end what it regard as excessive influence by th Muslim, Arabised north over th

DUP leader Mohammad Mirghani and SPLA chief Joh Garang have reached agreeme in principle on a peace pact their Addis Ababa talks, Al It hadi newspaper said Monday. But a diplomatic source cle-

to Mirghani said announcemeof the sarcerouriner discussion

Denktash: Turkey must guarantee any settlemen

NICOSIA (AP) - In a speech marking the fifth anniversary of self-proclaimed Turkish republic of northern Cyprus, its leader Rauf Denktash said the breakaway state has a "rightful place" in any federation reuniting the divided island.

Referring to upcoming negotiations at the United Nations, Denktash said Greek-Cypriots must not think they will "preside over the funeral of the Turkish republic of northern Cyprus in New

"The sole condition for a lasting peace in Cyprus is for (Greek Cypriots) to accept and respect the rights and existence of Turkish Cypriots, one of two peoples on the island, and accept partnership with this heroic people,"

Denktash is scheduled to meet with the Greek Cypriot leader, Cyprus President George Vassiliou, and U.N. Secretary-General

ers have met repeatedly in recei weeks seeking a formula for fee eration.

Denktash referred severa times in his speech to one of th main sticking points of the nego tiations: Turkish Cypriot insist ence that any federal solution be guaranteed by Turkey, which would have the right to intervent if Turkish Cypriot rights were threatened.

Greek Cypriots have refused to accept such a guarantee.

Denktash told Greek Cypriots:

"If you want a new order, a federation, Turkey, which saved is to saved in the saved allowed to guarantee it." After a Greek Cypriot coup

d'etat aimed at uniting Cyprus with Greece, Turkish troops invaded in 1974 and took control of the northern 37 per cent of the island. On Nov. 15, 1983 the island. On Nov. 15, 1983 the 120,000 Turkish Cypriots, a onefifth minority, proclaimed their republic in the Turkish-controlled

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE Programme review Children's programmes Educational programmes Educational programmes News summary in Arabic Cairo news message Local series Local program 19:46 Programme review Arabic series Programme review 21:30 Local programme Wrestling News summary in Arabic 22:10 News in French Aujourd Hui En Jordane

Doe: Return Journey

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... Light Music Newsdesk Morning Show Morning Show Contd.
Animal Vegetable Mineral
Book Club
News Summary Instrumentals
Young Sound Concert Hour News in Summary Old Favourie Book Chut

-. News Deck Date with a Star Evening Show News St ng Show Contd. PRAYER TIMES

Sunrise) Duba Dhuhr 14:15 CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabai Amman, Tel. 624590.

Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 637440.

De la Salle Charch (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Sunday English mass (summer time 6 p.m., winter time 5 p.m.).

Terrasanta Charch (Roman Catholic), Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Charch of the Augmentation (Court)

p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Aumunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Angilean Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906, chaplain's residence tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, Tel. 771331 Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephrain Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, Tel. 771751.
Annuan International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 685326.

Evangelical Latheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Ara-bie Service: Sunday 7 p.m., Rev. N. Smir, tel. 811295 Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumenical English Service: Saturday at 6:30 p.m. tel. 822605, Rev. Veli. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Sainty (Mormon) Tel. 815817, 821264.

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Dhahran, Kuwait (RI)
Damascus, Lamaca (RI) Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna Riyadh (R.n Paris (RJ) New York, Vienna (RJ) London, Geneva, (R.I) Brussels, Frankfurt (R.I) Madrid, Rome (R.I)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Demascus (AZ) Sana'a, Jeddah ((Y) Kuwait (LN) Jeddah (SV .. Ťanis (ŤU) Tripoli, Damascus (PK)
Frankfurt, Damascus (LH)

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) Belgrade Bucharest (RI)

Ansterdam, New York (RI)

Riyadh (RI)

Tunis, Casablanca (RI) 11:30 Geneva, London (RJ)
Calcutta (RJ)

Baghdad (RJ)
Jeddah (RJ)
Cairo (RJ)
Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Cairo, London (BA) 12:10 13:15 15:90 Jeddah, Sana'a (TY) Medina, Jeddah (SV)
Baghdad (LA) Kuwait (TU) Karachi (PK)

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of There will be a rise on tempera

with the appearance of some medium and high clouds. Winds will be south-westerly medium. westerly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 17, Aqaba 23, Humidity readings: Amman 22 per cent, Aqaba 21 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Sa'id Abu Hatab 776509 Dr. Ali Erme Firas pharmacy 778336 Al Asema pharmaci Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy 623672

TAXIS: Ahram taxi Zaid taxi ... 663911 Khayyam taxi Cairo taxi 819157 Dr. Mohammad Al Zu bi

EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Directorate . Civil Defence Immediate

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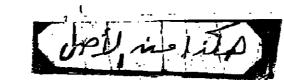
Highway Police Traffic Police 639141 . 630321 Water and Sewerage Complaints Amman Municipality Telephone Information Overseas Calls Central Amman Telephone Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101 ordan Television Water Authority 680100
Jordan Electricity Authority 815615 Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

HOSPITALS AMMAN:

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 64244/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 6423/62 Matha. I. Amman Maternity 6423/62 Jabai Annuan Malhas, J. Amman Malhas, Shmeisar Mathas, J. Amman
Palestine, Shmeisani
Shmeisani Hospital
University Hospital
University Hospital
Al-Muasher Hospital
Al-Ahli, Abdali
Italian, Al-Muhajreen
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh
Al-Murky 636140 664171/4 667227A 664164A 775111/26

DRAID: Princess Basma Hospital ... Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital ... rincess Haya Hospital (03)314111 MARKET PRICES

100 / 70 140 / 100 200 / 160 Eggplant (large) Eggplant (small) Gartic Grapes (white & black) 500 / 400 360 / 300 180 / 140 120 / 80 Marron ---- 350 / 300 500 / 450 180 / 140 Okra ... 400 / 350 180 / 140 Pepper (hot) Pepper (sweet) Potato 220 / 160 270 / 230



from entering Petra

all vehicles from entering the antiquities zone at the ancient Nabatean city of Petra as of Wednesday and said that the me- of rocks. asure is taken to ensure peace for the visitors and to safeguard the ancient character of the city.

Minister of Tourism Znhair Ailonni, who issued the order, said that the ban does not include official cars which provide public services and these will be allowed 6 a.m. until 7 a.m. only.

The minister also banned guides under 18 years of age from leading mounted visitors through the ancient city and said that the head of a tourist group should be accredited by the "visitors cen-

tre" at Petra. Ailouni said that elderly visitors can hire horse carriages to tour the site.

. Last June, Minister of Culture and National Heritage Mohammad Hammouri sent a message to the director of the United Na-

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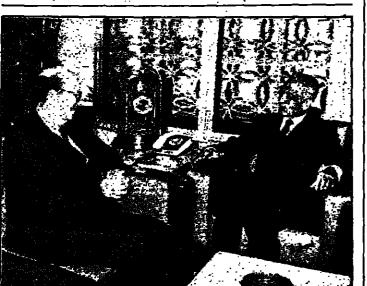
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AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The tions Educational, Scientific and Ministry of Tourism has banned Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) outlining the dangers that threaten Petra as a result of natural causes, tremors and corrosion

> He urged the organisation to set up a special technical committee to help Jordan preserve its archaeological wealth in cooperation with the Department of Antiquities in Jordan.

The minister announced that cars and other machinery are to be banned from Petra to reduce seismic effects.

In May the minister of culture and national heritage received notification from UNESCO declaring the organisation's acceptance of Jordan's request to register Petra. UNESCO will accordingly widen its scientific programmes in Petra in cooperation with Yarmouk University concentrating on the causes behind cracks in rocks and factors that result in corresion.



Lawzi meets Egyptian envoy

Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi Tuesday discussed with Egypt's ambassador to Jordan Mahab Muqbel, who has recently taken over his new duties as ambassador to Jordan, bilateral relations and existing cooperation between both coun tries. Agriculture Minister Marwan Hmoud also received Muchel and discussed with him means of further developing cooperation and the implementation of the resolutions and recor on agricultural projects adopted by the joint Higher Jordanian Egyptian committee. (Petra photo)

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

QATANANI MEETS SUDDARTH: Director of the Foreign Ministry's Department of Palestinian Affairs Ahmad Qatanani Tuesday held talks with American Ambassador to Jordan Roscoe Suddarth and the American consul in occupied Jerusalem on issues of interest for both countries, particularly in relation to the work of the Department of Palestinian Affairs. (J.T.)

TRANSPORT CONSULTATION: An official communique issued by the Prime Ministry Tuesday stressed the need for consulting with the Ministry of Transport and Communications on any contracts and agreements for transporting goods from Jordan to abroad and vice-versa and obtaining its prior approval of such contracts before they come into force. (Petra)

ENVIRONMENT FOLLOW-UP: The cabinet Tuesday charged the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment with following up on the implementation of the recommendations adopted at the third meeting of the Red Sea Environment programme's provisional board, which was held last April. (Petra)

ELECTRICITY PRICE FIXED: A defence order was issued Tuesday fixing the price of a tonne of heavy fuel from all the Jordan Electricity Authority power generating stations at JD 33.4, but the order also stated that if the JEA exported electric power to any of the neighbouring countries, then such exported power would be treated the same as in other industries. (Petra)

Seminar on managing water resources to begin Saturday

AMMAN (Petra) — A regional tariffs, meters, and other related seminar on managing water re-topics.

Sources in urban regions will open The Ministry of Water and

East region is expected to discuss
subjects such as reducing loss of
water through leaking from water
networks, corrosion of metal
Arabia, Somalia, Syria, Tunisia,

at the Ministry of Water and Irrigation is organising the seminar in cooperation with the attended by countries in the Morld Bank and the World Health Organisation.

pipes used in water networks and their general maintenance, water Yemen.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- An art exhibition by Mohammad Samara at Alia Art Gallery --5:90 p.m.
- ☆ An exhibition of iconographies, signs and public places by the German artist Otto Herbert Hajek at the Professional Association Complex -- 6:00 p.m.
- * An exhibition of Chinese handicrafts and plastic art at the Yarmouk University.
- An exhibition of rare Arabic coins at the Central Bank of

A festival on His Majesty King Hussein's birthday including sports activities, cultural and art exhibitions, documentary films and music shows by the Jordanian Armed Forces Brass Rand at the Yarmouk University.

* A French film entitled "Tendre Poulet (the Tender Hen) at the

Ailouni bans vehicles | Queen Noor to inaugurate institute for training nurse tutors Saturday

AMMAN (J.T.) — A training institute to turn out much needed nurse tutors and instructors will U.S. team, will run the institute. be inaugurated by Her Majesty Queen Noor Saturday.

The institute, which at present will be temporarily housed at Al Bashir Hospital in Amman, will be moved to Zarqa once the construction work on the premises has been completed.

According to Health Ministry officials the Nurse Tutor Training Institute aims to decrease infant and child mortality and morbidity and to improve the health status nursing services in the Kingdom.

Fourteen students, who are prospective nurse tutors, will be following a one-year course preaccording to the officials.

A specialised Jordanian group, in addition to four members of a

The team has been here since June 1988, working to carry forward the ministry of health plans for the projected institute which is being funded with \$12 million of which \$6.5 million will come from the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID).

Two programmes will be offered at the institute: A nurse tutor training programme, which will start immediately and a primary health care nurse specialty of mothers through updating programme scheduled to commence in 1991.

Upon completing their courses, the tutors will have acquired knowledge, skills and attitudes to pared by the Health Ministry, in a qualify for certification and pracmanner that can best meet the tice as primary health care national health requirements, nurse tutors or as primary health care nurse specialists.

The new premises at Zarqa will house the nursing college and the present institute, according to

Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh told a ceremony for the graduation of nurses in Amman last May that the country had a total of 2,055 qualified nurses of whom 559 are non-Jordanians.

The Higher Council of Health (HCH) in Jordan expects a shortage of 1,400 nurses in the Kingdom by the year 1995 if the present annual rate of nurses graduation is maintained.

The HCH Secretary General Faisal Dahleh said in a statement last July that efforts are being made to increase the number of nurses and midwives through expanding nurse training facilities and providing training to nurse

Agaba seminar to discuss Jordan's labour market, employment policies

AQABA (Petra) — Matters related to population activities, the labour market in Jordan and the Kingdom's employment policies will be among the main topics to be discussed by a seminar which opened Tuesday in Aqaba.

The seminar, which has been organised by the Minister of Labour in cooperation with the U.N. Fund for Population Activities (UNFPA) and the International Labour Organisation (ILO), covers subjects mostly related to labourers and labour related affairs.

Labour Minister Marwan Dudin, who opened the meet-

knowledge about social and eco-nomic development largely shouldered by the workers.

Population education about social and economic development. the minister said, "lies at the basis of all forms of develop-

He noted that the present stage requires intensive concentration on production and reduction of excessive consumption, and all workers ought to double their efforts to implement the new economic requirements to safeguard the national interests.

Population problems and their ings, said the seminar was part of impact on the country's social and the ministry's endeavours to economic life as well as the role

spread and promote population of the Aqaba Region Authority will be among the other topics to be discussed at the meetings which is attended by 30 participants.

> ties for local and non-Jordanian workers in the port city.

The minister also called at the Jordan Fertiliser Industries Company in Aqaba and was briefed on production operations.

Later, in a visit to the Jordanian Ports Corporation, Dudin was briefed on the services offered to the workers in the

Before the meetings opened, Dudin and the director of the Aqaba Labour Department met to discuss employment opportuni-

It said students who completed

their secondary education in the

scientific stream with grades aver-

aging between 80 and 90 per cent

will be allowed to apply for a

position and will have to pass an

admission test before being

Hanania to lay foundation stone for new NMI training institute

AMMAN (J.T.) —As part of the Kingdom's celebrations of His Majesty King Hussein's 53rd birthday National Medical Institution (NMI) Director General Daoud Hanania will Wednesday lay the foundation stone for a building to serve as a permanent training institute for training medical technicians at the grounds of Al Hussein Medical Čentre.

The training institute, which will be financed by the West process. German agency for technical development (GTZ), was deemed essential to recruit and train personnel that can maintain various equipment and apparata at Jordanian civilian and military hospit-

als and health centres.

According to an NMI statement, the institute is established in accordance with an agreement between the two sides following four years of study of the Jordamian medical equipment and faci-lities conducted by a team from

West Germany. essential requirements for the in-stitute which should be able to quired task. graduate highly qualified techni-

the installation of German equip- according to the statement. ment and to coordinate bilateral cooperation and the exchange of expertise. În addition, Jordanian instruc-

tors and technicians will receive further training and advanced knowledge in West Germany, according to the statement. At present trainees are being

given instructions in a temporary building on simple mechanical work related to the maintenance

According to the statement the institute will be turning out technicians and skilled workers to carry out maintenance work on plumbing, refrigeration, welding, electricity and other areas which complement medical services as well as taking care of medical equipment in hospitals and health

A teamof Jordanian specialists are now working with the German experts, according to the

According to the agreement,
West Germany will provide experts and equipment and other

It said the Health Ministry hospitals and the Royal Medical Services will have equal number of

In the 1987-1988 scholastic year cians to conduct maintenance. only 12 studens or 60 per cent of At least three German special- the total capacity were admitted ists will be available in Jordan on to the institute which will offer a permanent basis to supervise three-year training courses,

Hamzeh opens workshop on forensic medicine

IRBID (Petra) — A four-day workshop on forensic medicine in Jordan was opened at Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) Tuesday by Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh.

"The Ministry of Health gives due care to promoting this branch of medicine in order to catch up with modern developments," the minister said in an opening speech. He said that forensic medicine is regarded as one of the most important scientific subjects since it helps to reveal the identity of criminals and solve crimes.

Dr. Sahar Kamel, from the JUST and Dr. Mu'men Hadidi, Director of the Forensic Departaddressed the meeting, stressing that the workshop will help doctors contribute essential services to their country by dealing with injuries and helping security de-partments in their work.

Irbid branch of the Jordan general.

Pharmacists Association (JPA).

The minister stressed in a speech the need for cooperation by all pharmacists to save the public from the effects of dangerous drugs.

The Ministry of Health is currently studying the prospect of allowing pharmacists take the re-sponsibility of dispensing Jorda-nian made medicine instead of the foreign brands with similar specifications in order to boost the national pharmaceutical in-

JPA President Tayseer Al Humsi addressed the opening session, praising the pharmaceutical ment at the Health Ministry, both companies in Jordan for not raising the price of their products.

The participants will discuss

working papers dealing with dangerous drugs addiction, the responsibility of pharmacists in ratments in their work.

dealing with drug selling, means

Hamzeh later opened a semiof cooperation with the local aunar on the effect of drugs on thorities to curtail dangerous humans which is organised by the drug addiction, and drug abuse in

NEW PASSPORT OFFICE: The civil registration department Tuesday opened a new branch in Deir Alla to facilitate the renewal of passport and making additions to passports, without referring to the main civil registration and passport office in Salt. (Petra)

LAND OWNERSHIP CONFERENCE: Yarmonk University will take part in a symposium on land ownership and its effects on social changes in the Arab World, which will be held at Damascus University by the end of this month. (Petra)

Jordanians continue to celebrate King's birthday

Celebrations in governorates

In Salt, the Salt Community

College held a major celebration,

during which speeches highlight-

sports, technical and cultural con-

In Karak, a march was orga-

nised, with Karak governor, de-

partment heads, school teachers,

Mu'ta University students taking

part. Debka and other dances

were also held. Similar celebra-

tions were held in the various

vocational school for girls held a celebration attended by educa-

tion department director. A num-

In Maan governorate, the

parts of the governorate.

tests were organised.

1920 up until now.

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan Tuesday continued with hibition in cooperation with one its celebrations of His Majesty King Hussein's birthday throughout the Kingdom.

In Amman, the Central Bank exhibition of the arms used since of Jordan Tuesday decided to open the coin museum for the public for two weeks as of next

Amman Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin also attended the graduation of the 10th batch of Al Najah cultural centre students in North Hashimi and the opening of the 5th friends of police and sonnets were presented by

Also in Amman, the University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Al Majali opened a special exhibition held by the university library to mark the occasion. The exhibition includes special stands including the writings of King Hussein and other writings on his contribution in all fields, in addition to photographs of the King,

taken on various occasions. The corner also included newspapers and magazines that have been issued since the establishment of the Kingdom. The students affairs department also organised art exhibitions on the

The Armed Forces organised a special stand in the university campus, including photographs showing the various stages of King Hussein's life since the assumption of his constitutional powers and the handing over of banners to the various military units following his historical decision in 1956 to Arabise the Armed Forces.

The photographs also reflect m's efforts at both the Arab and international arenas and his wise and conrageous stands and his relentless efforts to unify Arab ranks. The stand also includes an school also organised a book ex- district's secondary schools.

of the publishing houses. The exhibition, opened by the district Governor Khalil Khreisat, lasts for two weeks.

Also in Karak, Mu'ta University held a major celebration, which was addressed by the University President Ali Mahafza who congratulated the King and said that Jordan, under his leadership, has set an example in the dedicated Arab leadership. ing the importance of the event Mahafza pointed out that Jordan. were made, and national songs despite its limited resources, has succeeded in achieving socio-ecothe college's choral troupe, and nomic development.

> The North Jordan Valley also celebrated the occasion by opening an art exhibition, including photos and drawings which dealt with story of building and development that Jordan has netted its threads. The education department also organised a sports contest for students from

North Jordan Valley district. On Monday, His Majesty King Hussein opened the new premises of the southern military area headquarters built at a total cost of JD 672,000.

ber of speakers made speaches highlighting the role of King Hus-sein in building Jordan and in The inauguration was attended achieving the progress it is now by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, witnessing. The celebration in-Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid cluded debka songs and folk dances. Nuseibah secondary Ibn Shaker and senior military school for girls also held an art officials, and governors of Karak, and audio visual exhibition in Ma'an and Tafileh, Aqaba dis-Maan, which was opened by trict officer and other depart-

Maan governor. Also in Maan ment heads. In Jerash, the secondary school governorate sport contests were held Tuesday, involving girls held an art exhibition which was from the secondary girls schools opened by the district governor. The exhibition includes drawings. In Madaba district, Madaba artistic plates and reliefs demoneducation department schools strating Jordan's achievements in organised a celebration that in- the various fields. The district cluded speeches, songs and governor also attended the crossdances. Madaba first secondary country race organised by the

EC to grant 1m ECUs to finance scholarships, training programmes

from Karak and Maan.

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The European Community (EC) Tuesday initialled an agreement at the Ministry of Planning to offer Jordan a grant of one million European Currency Units (ECU) to help finance scholarships and training programmes benefiting Jordanian government

The programmes are for training Jordanian personnel in agriculture, industry, science and technology in a number of European countries, according to a statement by the Jordan News

Agency, Petra. The new deal is part of EC's third protocol signed by the two sides last year, according to the

The agreement was initialled by Minister of Planning Taher Kanaan and EC delegate to Jordan

Christian Falkowski. Last June the EC signed an agreement with the Jordanian government offering a grant of JD 420,000 to help set up four primary health care centres.

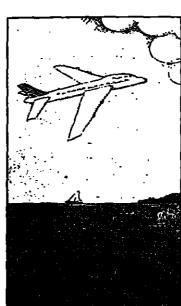
AMERICA: CLOSER By THE DOZEN.

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cities in the United States and Canada. Every week, Air France offers two Airbus flights between Amman and Paris on Sundays and Fridays. While welcomed in

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Jordan Times

ووران تلبغ بوبية عربية سيلنية مستكلة شمسر بالإسجليزية عن المؤسسة للمسعلية الإريثية

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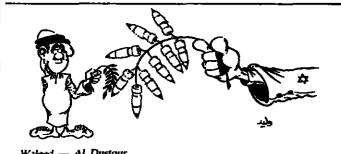
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Tough road ahead

IN WELCOMING and extending full recognition to the landmark declaration of an independent Palestinian state by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat at the conclusion of the Palestine National Council's (PNC) momentous meeting in Algiers which ended in the early hours of Tuesday, Jordan has reaffirmed its long-standing policy of allowing the Palestinians to choose their destiny freely and responsibly. The acceptance of United Nations Security Council Resolution 242 of 1967 and General Assembly Resolution 181 of 1947 by the PNC as basis for a settlement of the Palestinian conflict is a vindication of maturity. Lest it is forgotten, it was the late King Abdullah who called on the Palestinian people and the Arab World to yield to common sense and pragmatism and accept Resolution 181, which recommended the partition of Palestine into Arab and Jewish states in 1947. As for Resolution 242, it has been Jordan's long-standing appeal that the PLO move to accept that resolution in order to expedite the convening of an international conference on peace in the Middle East.

Yet, the road ahead of the Palestinians is long and tortuous. With the Israeli leadership still rejecting to engage the Arab parties in a dialogue for peace and security for all even on the basis of Resolutions 242 and 338, the days and months ahead could still be fraught with formidable hardships and obstacles. The early Arab endorsement of the declaration of independence of the Palestinian state may galvanise international support for the new Palestinian stance and instill in the process of peace a new dynamic and give it a fresh momentum that could prove difficult to reverse. And now that the Palestine National Council has rested its case, and called the Israeli bluff by accepting the very resolution that was the bone of contention till now, it is up to Israel to respond to the Palestinian initiative. Until now the Israeli reaction to the historic Palestinian gesture for peace is typically negative and devoid of any encouragement to construct on what emerged from Algiers. But the Arab side must persist in its struggle for liberty and self-determination for the Palestinians through collective action and united voice.



ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i Arabic daily Tuesday commented on Jordan's celebrations of His Majesty King Hussein's birthday and linked the celebrations with the monarch's speech last Saturday. The paper echoed the King's call on the Jordanian citizens to shoulder their responsibilities to maintain this country's steadfastness and to boost its strength. The King's speech reflected the country's optimism and its determination to overcome the present difficult circumstances, and it also reminded the Jordanian people of their contributions that are needed now to tidy their country over the difficulties and hardships, the paper noted. This country has enjoyed wise leadership over the past turbulent years and its people have been determined to confront the challenges, the paper added.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily Tuesday comments on the outcome of the Israeli parliamentary elections and the U.S. presidential elections. The two elections have now ended with no sign that anything will be done to end the Arab-Israeli conflict and to grant the Palestinians their right in their land, the columnist Abdul Rahim Omar writes. He says the Israeli elections have brought about new signs of danger in the Middle East since Shamir has been asked to form a new government backed by the extremist religious parties. Also after nearly a year of uprising in the occupied territories the international community has done nothing to help the oppressed people regain their rights, says the writer. Since the U.S. continues and will continue to be influenced by world Zionism and since the Israelis are adamant in their position, the Arabs have no alternative but to turn their attention to Europe, seeking its help and urging its nations to pressure the United States into doing something positive to end the conflict and bring about peace to the region, according to the writer. He says that only Europe which maintains close links and interests with the Arab World can take a meaningful action and help us live in peace.

Al Dustour daily commented on the outcome of the Israeli parliamentary elections which led to the nomination of Yitzhak Shamir to form a new government. Entrusting Shamir with the task should be considered as a dangerous turnabout in Israel's political life and a new move towards further violence, racism and fanaticism which cannot help the cause of peace, the paper noted. It said that with Shamir at the helm, the government of Israel is bound to practice further terrorism on the Arabs and to perpetuate Israel's occupation of Arab land, the paper noted. It said that the new development is bound to open the door wide for all possibilities and a new escalation of tension and violence which would finally lead to explosion.

Sawt Al Shaab daily commented on the country's celebrations of King Hussein's birthday and said that Jordanians look to their monarch as a symbol of their identity and their hope for the future. The Jordanian people, it said, are pride of their King's achievements and his leadership and they boast of the country's development in social, economic and other fields. In their monarch they see a leader who has devoted his time and his endeavours to serve them and one who is bent on implementing the principles and the goals of the Great Arab Revolt which calls for a greater and a stronger and more united Arab World, the

Reagan's missed opportunity

By Jennifer Freedman

NEW YORK - A few months from now, when Ronald Reagan pauses to take that inevitable retrospective look at the policies implemented during his eightyear tenure as president, he will likely wince when he opens the chapter on the Middle East.

Since Reagan has been in office, Middle Eastern opinion toward the United States has been on a roller-coaster ride, with the plunges far outnumbering the crests. Israel has maintained a generally favourable outlook towards U.S. policies — thanks largely to ever-increasing arms shipments and military assistance — but the people who comprise the majority of the region, the Arabs, have had little reason to

United Nations Undersecretary-General Brian Urquhart insightfully summed up the last half-century of the region's difficulties when he commented, "In opportunities, the largest gallery is reserved for the Middle East."

Like virtually every American president who has taken office in the past four decades, Reagan promised that his administration would put into place policies to Middle East. And like those other presidents, his words were holder than his actions.

The development of the Reagan administration's initial foreign policy strategies was heavily conditioned by the ideological tone of his first presbreak with the foreign policies of Jimmy Carter. Discontinuity became a strong conditioning factor tration repeatedly underesti-

By Nadim Jaber

LONDON - Britain's decision

to order Kuwait to shed more

than half of its controversial hold-

ing in the oil giant British Pet-

roleum (BP) has led to predict-

able calls for Gulf states to reas-

sess their overseas investments.

The Kuwaiti government express-

ed its "shock and dismay" at the

British decision, and said it would

reconsider its investment policy,

and several papers in the Gulf

called for Arab funds to be pulled

Kuwaius eard more from lovest

ments than they do from oil, they

have scores of millions invested in

London, and know they would

stand to suffer most if they were

pulled out. But the incident has

revived memories of British high-

handedness, and will make all the

Gulf states a little more cautious

of BP in the aftermath of last

year's worldwide stock market

crash - just as the British gov-

ernment was selling off its shares

in the company - and spent

some £5 billion steadily building

up its holding to 21.7 per cent. In

Kuwait began acquiring chunks

in their foreign investments.

It is highly unlikely that direct

out of London in protest.

In the Middle East, this meant consciously ignoring the Camp David process, one of Carter's notable foreign policy successes. It also led to an emphasis on "strategic consensus" building an alliance among the United States' friends in the area who shared a concern for deterring Soviet incursions into the region. In response to events involving Iran and Iraq, the Reagan administration swung its attention from the

in the early months of the Reagan mated and misread the strength regional conflicts. This, in turn, of the aspirations of nationalist movements in the region. It Lebanese factions to resist the Israeli occupation and the American military presence, and it failed to respond constructively to the hopes of a growing number of Israelis and Palestinians committed to achieving a fair and peaceful settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Thus, despite greater flexibility on the part of the PLO, the

"In the great museum of missed opportunities, the largest gallery is reserved for the Middle East."

Arab-Israeli conflict, which is at the heart of the region's problems, to the Gulf and to containment of the Soviet Union.

In those eight years, prominent Israeli and Arab leaders on severthe great museum of missed al occasions saw opportunities for peace, appealed for U.S. assistance but did not get it. The United States thus impeded progress toward peace since the beginning of this decade. The list of missed opportunities is very long.

The effectiveness of American resolve the many problems of the foreign policy in the Middle East - and in other regions as well has been undermined by four factors. First, excessive reliance on military power and resources led the United States to support Israeli moves in Lebanon, both before and after the 1982 invasion, and eventually culminated idential campaign, when Reagan in a costly and unsuccessful ran on a platform of a sharp American military imbroglio in that war-torn country.

Second, the Reagan adminis-

approval: they had, after all saved the British treasury a for-

tune and rescued the BP share-

price. But they seem to have been

over-confident, apparently ignor-

ing official British hints to stop

the matter to its Monopolies and

Mergers Commission (MMC) in

May, the investigation was to

centre on whether Kuwait's hold-

ing would give it undue influence

over the company. The question

uppermost in British minds was at

what point the Kuwaiti holding

would cease to be just another

start serving as an instrument for

the Kuwait Petroleum Corpora-

tion. Those OPEC countries who

can afford it have, for several

years, been seeking to protect

their markets by investing in oil

refining and distribution opera-

tions in consumer countries. BP

apparently feared that the

Kuwaitis would use their influ-

ence either to manipulate BP's oil

policy to favour Kuwait and/or

OPEC, or to force the company

to sell the Kuwaitis some of its

The Kuwaitis maintained from

the outset that theirs would be

portrouo, and

seas investment

When Britain decided to refer

buying at around 15 per cent.

Reconsidering overseas investment?

The case of Kuwait and BP

action of this kind will follow: the part of the country's huge over-

Israeli Labour alignment and Arab heads of state on a number of outstanding issues, the Reagan White House has continued to say "no" to the right of selfdetermination for the Palestinians, "no" to the idea of a Palestinian state, "no" to PLO participation in negotiations (despite the fact that the organisation is considered by the vast majority of Palestinians to be their representative) or a public PLO role in naming participants for a joint delegation with Jordan, and, until just recently and

Third, the Reagan administration has tended to view local and regional conflicts in the Middle East primarily through the prism of America's global competition with the Soviet Union. The United States has given too much attention to its competition with the Soviets in its consideration of

practically unfeasible and politi-

cally counterproductive. The

MMC and the British govern-

ment eventually judged other-

wise, and gave Kuwait 12 months

to sell all but 9.9 per cent of the

holding (rather than the 15 per

cent previously thought the

acceptable ceiling), at an antici-

pated loss of some £350 million.

Kuwaitis is not the perception of conflicting interests, but the im-

plication that they were not to be

trusted. In August, Kuwait,

obviously sensing that the politic-

al climate was against it, sought to make a legal undertaking to

Britain by means of a deed of

covenant, voluntarily restricting

its influence on BP. Kuwait

BP's management, would not

seek representation on its board,

would not buy any more BP stock, and would voluntarily dis-

of its holding. The fact that the

MMC effectively dismissed these

assurances — even hinting that

Kuwait could one day renege on

them — added insult to injury.

believing that a major motive

The Kuwaitis are not alone in

What has really annoyed the

that to do otherwise would be OPEC and anti-Arab prejudice

promised it would not interfere in a diplomatic damage-limitation

enfranchise all but 14.9 per cent U.K. has signalled its willingness

not without reserve, "no" to an

international conference for

gave birth to several myopic policies, best exemplified by the ignored the power of the various shortsighted attempt to align Israel and a number of moderate Arab states behind an anti-Soviet "strategic consensus" in 1981. Reagan's failure to understand the peoples and internal dynamics of Middle Eastern societies on their own terms has significantly reduced the possibility of superpower cooperation in the region, contributed to a lethal arms-race and accounts, in no small measure, for the senseless decision to exclude Syria, a major party in the Arab-Israeli conflict and a player without which peace simply cannot be achieved, from the peace process.

Finally, all too often the United States has preferred to "go it alone" in the Middle East. It has frequently ignored the sound advice of NATO allies and turned a deaf ear to constructive suggestions from the permanent members of the United Nations Security Council. That this penchant for unilateral action has been counterproductive is most vividly shown by the U.S. military debacle in Lebanon, which probably could have been avoided had Washington been willing to expand the peacekeeping role of the United Nations in that country.

Without fundamental changes in the United States' Middle East policy, the already slim prospects for peace will be overwhelmed by increased violence between Israelis and Palestinians, deteriorating relations between Israel and Egypt, the rise of religious militancy and fanaticism among orthodox Jews and a spiralling arms race that could culminate in yet another war and perilous superpower confrontation — Arab News.

which blossomed during the oil price rises of the 1970s. Press

debate about the Kuwaiti holding

- and the general activities of

Kuwait's London-based invest-

ment office - over the past year

has been replete with familiar

allusions to the shady machina-

tions of oil-rich Arabs. Indeed,

some analysts maintain BP's

obsession with clipping the

Kuwaitis' wings owes much to

fears about the company's image

in the U.S., where such pre-

judices are even more pro-

nounced. With BP expanding

rapidly in the U.S. the mere

But Britain seems confident

that nothing has been done which

exercise cannot remedy. Foreign

Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe will

try to make amends when he

visits Kuwait next year, and the

to be flexible about the time-scale

of Kuwait's forced divestment.

But enough bad feeling has been

aroused to ensure that, even if

only in nuance, things will not be

quite the same between Kuwait and Britain for some time —

ment would be damaging.

Excerpts from U.N. General Assembly Resolution 181 (11) of 29 November 1947 concerning the future government of Palestine and the internationalisation of Jerusalem.

The General Assembly

Having met in special session at the request of the mandatory Power to constitute and instruct a special committee to prepare for the consideration of the question of the future government of Palestine at the second regular session.

Having constituted a Special Committee and instructed it to investigate all questions and issues relevant to the problem of Palestine, and to prepare proposals for the solution of the problem, and

Having received and examined the report of the Special Com-

Recommends to the United Kingdom, as the mandatory Power for Palestine, and to all other Members of the United Nations the adoption and implementation, with regard to the future government of Palestine, of the Plan of Partition with Economic Union

Plan of partition with economic union

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Future constitution and government of Palestine Termination of mandate, partition and independence

1. The Mandate for Palestine shall terminate as soon as possible but in any case not later than 1 August 1948.

2. The armed forces of the mandatory Power shall be progressively withdrawn from Palestine, the withdrawal to be completed as soon as possible but in any case not later than 1

August 1948. The mandatory Power shall advise the Commission, as far in advance as possible, of its intention to terminate the Mandate and

to evacuate each area. The mandatory Power shall use its best endeavours to ensure that an area situated in the territory of the Jewish State, including a seaport and hinterland adequate to provide facilities for a substantial immigration, shall be evacuated at the earliest possible

date and in any event not later than 1 February 1948. 3. Independent Arab and Jewish States and the Special International Regime for the City of Jerusalem, set forth in part III of this plan, shall come into existence in Palestine two months after the evacuation of the armed forces of the mandatory Power has been completed but in any case not later than 1 October 1948. The boundaries of the Arab State, the Jewish State, and the City of Jerusalem shall be as described in parts II and III below.

4. The period between the adoption by the General Assembly of its recommendation on the question of Palestine and the establishment of the independence of the Arab and Jewish State shall be a transitional period.

Declaration

A declaration shall be made to the United Nations by the provisional government of each proposed State before independence. I shall contain inter alia the following clauses:

General provision

The stipulations contained in the declaration are recognised as fundamental laws of the State and no law, regulation or official action shall conflict or interfere with these stipulations nor shall any law, regulation or official action prevail over them.

Holy Places, religious building and sites

1. Existing rights in respect of Holy Places and religious buildings or sites shall not be denied or impaired.

2. In so far as Holy Places are concerned, the liberty of access, visit and transit shall be guaranteed, in conformity with existing rights, to all residents and citizens of the other State and of the City of Jerusalem, as well as to aliens, without distinction as to nationality, subject to requirements of national security, public order and decorum. Similarly, freedom of worship shall be guaranteed in conformi

ty with existing rights, subject to the maintenance of public order

3. Holy Places and religious buildings or sites shall be preserved. No act shall be permitted which may in any way impair their sacred character. If at any time it appears to the Government that any particular Holy Place, religious building or site is in need of urgent repair, the Government may call upon the community or communities concerned to carry out such repair. The Government may carry it out itself at the expense of the community or communities concerned if no action is taken within a reasonable time.

4. No taxation shall be levied in respect of any Holy Place, religious building or site which was exempt from taxation on the date of the creation of the State.

No change in the incidence of such taxation shall be made which would either discriminate between the owners or occupiers of Holy Places, religious buildings or sites, or would place such owners or occupiers in a position less favourable in relation to the general incidence of taxation than existed at the time of the adoption of the Assembly's recommendations.

5. The Governor of the City of Jerusalem shall have the right to determine whether the provisions of the Constitution of the State in relation to Holy Places, religious buildings and sites within the borders of the State and the religious rights appertaining thereto, are being properly applied and respected, and to make decisions on the basis of existing rights in cases of disputes which may arise between the different religious communities or the rites of a religious community with respect to such places, buildings and sites. He shall receive full co-operation and such privileges and immunities as are necessary for the exercise of his functions in the

Religious and minority rights

1. Freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship, subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals, shall be ensured to all.

2. No discrimination of any kind shall be made between the inhabitants on the ground of race, religion, language or sex.

3. All persons within the jurisdiction of the State shall be entitled to equal protection of the laws.

4. The family law and personal status of the various minorities and their religious interests, including endowments, shall be

5. Except as may be required for the maintenance of public order and good government, no measure shall be taken to obstruct or interfere with the enterprise of religious of charitable bodies of all faiths or to discriminate against any representative or member of these bodies on the ground of his religion or

6. The State shall ensure adequate primary and secondary education for the Arab and Jewish minority, respectively, in its

own language and its cultural traditions. The right of each community to maintain its own schools for the education of its own members in its own language while conforming to such educational requirements of a general nature

as the State may impose, shall not be denied or impaired. Foreign educational establishments shall continue their activity on the basis of their existing rights. 7. No restriction shall be imposed on the free use by any citizen

of the State of any language in private intercourse, in commerce, in religion, in the Press or in publications of any kind, or at public

8. No expropriation of land owned by an Arab in the Jewish State (by a Jew in the Arab State) shall be allowed except for public purposes. In all cases of expropriation full compensation as fixed by the Supreme Court shall be paid previous to disposses-

Reprinted from Quest for Palestine. United Nations and Pales-

treated as a purely commercial behind Britain's move was pure doing so, the Kuwaitis clearly felt Middle East International. they had U.K. government investment, arguing forcefully xenophobia, tinged with the anti-U.S. Democrats debate political future

By Michael Gelb Reuter

WASHINGTON - Democratic Party insiders, reeling from their fifth loss in the last six presidential elections, are arguing over what went wrong and wondering if the White House has become just a mirage for their candidates. In the aftershock of Michael Dukakis's overwhelming loss to Republican President-elect George Bush, they cannot agree on whether to blame a fumbling campaign by Dukakis, a failure by the party to understand the concerns of the average voter or a nominating system that produces

The White House loss is doubly frustrating because of the party's success at every other level of American politics.

The election strengthened the Democrats' hold on the House of Representatives, where they have held sway since 1955, and gave them at least one more seat in the Senate, where they have been in control for all but six years in the same period.

Many Democrats say the congressional election victories give them as much claim to a policy mandate as Bush and that the president-elect is already under pressure to compromise on a number of issues, including

budget policy. Unless Bush is willing to work closely to meet some of that Democratic agenda, (his relationship with Congress) is going to be contentious and difficult," said Massachusetts Democratic

senator John Kerry.

Democrats discuss the White House race. Senator Sam Nunn of Georgia,

the epitome of a modern conservative Democrat and often touted as a presidential prospect himself, says Bush won because he pinned Dukakis to the wrong side of such emotional issues as crime, gun control and pat-

Nunn and other party moderates say the answer is to choose a more centrist candidate who is not vulnerable on so-called 'values' issue. But party liberals counter that

Dukakis lost in part because his stated decision to run on competence, rather than ideology, made it tough to energise such Democratic core constituencies as blacks, trade union activists and

other liberal-oriented groups.
"Dukakis gained ground when
he began identifying with traditional Democrats," says New Hampshire Democratic Chairman Joseph Grandmaison. "Those who suggest the lesson is to run as if we were Republicans are wrong."

Whatever the case, it is clear that the Republicans begin each campaign with a huge advantage in the state-by-state electoral vote that determines the U.S. pres-

idential winner. The results of recent elections show Republican candidates have dominated in 31 states with 293 electoral votes — 23 votes more than the winning electoral college

majority of 270 needed to win. Twenty-one states with 187 electoral votes, most of them in any attempt to limit the role of enator John Kerry.

the west, have gone Republican the primary elections and give in six straight elections. In the more power to party officials is



Dukakis - a ball that failed to hit a home run

have carried 10 southern states with 106 electoral votes only once, in 1976 when southerner Jimmy Carter was the candidate.

Voter surveys show the Democrats have increasingly become the party of the disadvantaged. In the elections they won strong support only from blacks and the poor, taking about 90 per cent of the black vote and better than 60 per cent of those living on poverty level incomes.

But white voters and the more affluent - the majority of Americans - voted mainly Republican.

Some insiders say the Democrats must redesign their nominating system to reduce the clout of the liberal elements that tend to dominate the process.

But other Democratic strategists such as national committee member Mark Siegal argue that way to recrimination when same elections the Democrats likely to be derided as a return to

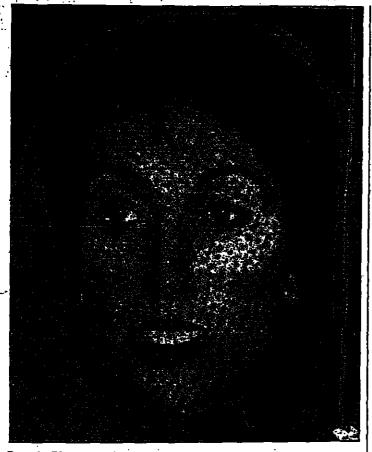
the legendary smoke-filled rooms of party bosses. Such a change would also be

seen by many as an effort to limit the influence of black civil rights leader Jesse Jackson, a two-time presidential candidate and the party's most magnetic personality. Blacks are by far the most loyal of the Democratic constituencies.

Siegal says that presidential elections are decided by the 20 per cent of voters who swing between the parties and that the Democrats have not listened to the concerns of these voters. "If we had a moderately liberal

candidate who was tough on crime, strong on defence and who represents the values of the American people, he could do very well in the south and the Rocky mountain west," Siegal

"But we have created a perception that we are out of touch with basic American values. The burden is on us to disprove it."



Electra tells the story

pages as she recounts her convic-

tion that her father was killed

before he was officially hanged.

In the period that followed her

father's death Benazir and her

nother, Nusrat, became the sym-

bols of resistance to the military

dictatorship. Subjected to con-

harrowing conditions) and inter-

mittent house arrest, both mother

and daughter won the respect and

sympathy of a majority of the country's population. No one would have reproached them if they had retired to the family

estate in Larkana. Instead they

chose to fight back. A trauma-tised and brutalised nation could

only admire them in silence, for

public floggings and terrible tor-tures faced all those who re-

mained active. Many did and

Benazir's two brothers were in

Western Europe. Overcome by

desperation and ill-served by the

sycophants who surrounded

them, they decided to lunch an

porary haven. The hijacking of a

Pakistan airliner was their only

serious act. It resulted in the

release of a few dozen political

prisoners from Zia's prisons, but

Benazir describes in gory de-

tail, with the help of witnesses,

the repression that followed. In

her home province of Sind, in

particular, the army unleashed

countless atrocities. Villages were

razed to the ground; prisoners

were forced to drink their own urine; women were raped or

forced to observe the humiliation

of their men; children were beaten up; students were simply

This book is essentially Benazir

politics over the last two decades.

There are too many cliches,

many vices. These should have

been acknowledged, if only in-directly. It would have made the

onslaught on Zia's despotism far

more effective. For the fact re-

mains that Bhutto was killed not

because of his vices but to wipe

out the memory of his virtues. He

had enabled the poor of town and country to raise their eyes and

Benazir had lost her father.

Her favourite brother had been

poisoned to death in France. Her

mother had been seriously ill.

Her other brother was still exiled

from his native land. She de-

cided, after many years of delay,

to agree to an arranged marriage.

Her defence of this institution is

not totally convincing, but few

will grudge her the chance to be

stare back at the oppressors.

shot dead.

objectivity.

tinuous periods in prison (often in

Reviewed by Tariq Ali Daughter of the East: An Autobiography, by Benazir Bhutto published Hamish Hamilton

THE story so far is as follows. A feudal family in the Pakistani province of Sind — where landlords are brutal and peasants are serfs — decides to educate its male progeny. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto is, as a consequence, sent to Berkely and Oxford. It is the early Fifties.

He returns home a successful barrister and a brilliant mimic and raconteur. The wit, however, is often laced with savagery. The charm is genuine, but always seigneurial.

Bhutto had been the victim of an arranged family marriage to a cousin, but it was never really consummated. He later met a strikingly handsome Iranian woman in Karachi. They got married. Four children ensued, two girls and two boys. Benazir was.

Now it is very likely that if the Kabul provided them with a temcountry had developed peacefully the Bhuttos might have become a legal dynasty. History, however, intervened in the rotund shape of General Ayub Khan, the country's first military dictator. This general disliked mullahs, enjoyed a drink or two and loved a wellorganised shoot. All these characteristics brought him close to the young lawyer. In 1958 Bhutto was offered a cabinet post. He was then 35. He never looked

In 1968 a student uprising chal-lenged the dictatorship. Bhutto had been sacked by Ayub in 1966. He now emerged as the only political leader in West Pakistan who fully supported the students. He created the Pakistan People's Party. The students joined by the workers, toppled Ayub. A stop-gap military dictator organised new elections. Bhutto won in the West, Bengali nationalism triumphed in the Eastern wing of the country. Civil war followed. Pakistan disintegrated. Bhutto became the leader of the truncated state.

A large chunk of this autobiography is Benazir's posthumous tribute to her father. It is the story of Electra. It was not just the Bhutto family which was traumatised when Zia sent Bhutto to his death on April 4, 1979. The country was stunned. Its only elected prime minister had been judicially assassinated.

The most moving passages in this book are the descriptions of Bhutto's last days. The transition from an autocratic, albeit, democratically elected leader to the humiliated and tormented occupant of a tiny, windowless deathcell was total agony. Yet this was Bhutto's finest hour. He refused to bow his head or plead for mercy. In his last appearance before the supreme court he was proud and defiant, but without any illusions. He knew the army and he realised that they could not let him live if they wanted to rule Pakistan.

His daughter relives the most painful period of her life in these

The Arabian oryx — a return to the wild Only a few years ago the beautiful Arabian

orvx — the creature some believe may well have been the truth behind the legend of the unicom - was on the verge of extinction. Bob Pateman reports on Operation Oryx, an international effort which has successfully turned the tide.

long been widely appreciated. Arabia.

Seen in profile the oryx's two appear to merge into one suggesting the animal might well be the inspiration behind the legend of the mythical unicorn.

The oryx are as biologically remarkable as they are physically beautiful, being superbly adapted to the heat of one of the world's driest desert regions. In extreme heat their body temperature is able to rise several degrees before sweating takes place, while a series of blood vessels allows blood in the carotid artery, which carries blood to the head, to cool before being circulated around the brain. The result is an animal that can go for months without drinking, taking all the moisture it requires from plants, in short, an animal perfectly designed for its environment.

Frescoes in medieval hunting lodges show that the oryx and other desert animals have been hunted for centuries and during the First World War, oryx herds were a major food source of ly released in Oman and a similar Bedouin soldiers fighting with Lawrence of Arabia.

However, the animal's speed home always gave it the advantage over man until the arrival of the ieep and automatic weapons. which drastically tipped the ba-

In the 1950s and 60s the oryx was hunted to the brink of extinction. A research document published in 1960 noted that the animal appeared to be extinct in all parts of its former habitat except along the southern edge of the Rub Al Khali desert. Even there the situation was so bad it was believed the few hundred oryx which remained would be exterminated within a very few... years. A theory supported by all available evidence.

In April 1961 the Flora and Fauna Preservation Society mounted a last ditch effort to save any remaining oryx but their original desert search managed to was at this point the society turned to private collectors.

The Zoological Society of London was willing to make available a healthy young female it owned, but the resulting two pairs would

The Arabian oryx is one of the still be too small a nucleus to rely Middle East's most beautiful ex- on. With only four Arabian oryx amples of wildlife. Smaller than positively remaining in the world, its African counterpart, these the society decided it would have cream coloured antelopes have a to look into unconfirmed reports streamlined beauty which has of animals in private hands in

These amounted to two oryx magnificent scimitar horns of unknown sect reported wandering through the sougs of Taiz in Yemen, two females owned by Sheikh Jaber of Kuwait, and a group of at least eight kept by King Saud of Saudi Arabia.

Eventually, a collection was built up of odd animals taken from the wild and from 200s and private collections. A captive herd was established in the United States, with Phoenix and Arizona, which both enjoy a warm, dry temperature, becoming the creatures home in exile.

Now, at last the tide of events has turned in the oryx's favour. The captured herds have bred well and changing values in their home countries have allowed small numbers of oryx to be returned to the Middle East where they now enjoy the full protection of the government. A herd has already been successful-

project is taking place in Jordan. The Jordan programme centres around 22 kilometres of desert and the remoteness of its desert scrub in the region of the Al Azraq Oasis. The area is already well known to animal lovers as a vital spot on the bird migration

An even greater claim to fame the old fort that Lawrence of Arabia used as his headquarters the war with the Turks.

Today the oasis town sits astride the main Jordan to Saudi Arabia highway giving it a degree of prosperity and a continual flow heavy traffic. However, drive east for a few miles, leaving the highway by the new road that leads to Shaumari Wildlife Re-

The park has been outstandingsuccessful with their main proly successful with their main pro-iect, the breeding and release of the oryx. The herd has grown from seven to over 70 animals. From the park's observation tower small groups of animals capture only two males and one could be seen wandering up to efore turning to leus that had been hoped for. It to the desert where they were soon distant specks lost amongst the scrub. This appearance of

complete freedom is, as yet, an Far away in the distance is the park's second fence that keeps



Frescoes in medieval hunting lodges show the Arabian cryx has been hunted for centuries but the advent of the jeep and automatic weapons the oryx was hunted to the brink of extinction.

the animals within an area where they can be guarded and monitored. Next year this fence will come down and the oryx will be returned to a truly wild state. The Flora and Fauna Preservation Society is organising a visit to Jordan next year to see the Arabian oryx in the wild state.

The Shaumari herds have fared so well that the Jordanians are now able to send small numbers of oryx to other parks in the

On my visit four animals were pacing up and down a small enclosure as they were prepared for their flight to Oman, where they would join a re-established herd there. Such exchanges are particularly important because with all

There are other problems which also need to be solved. In the Azraq region human development might well have isolated the oryx from ancient drinking spots and no matter how well adapted they are the oryx might now need new sources of water if they are to survive the driest months.

Experiments are therefore being conducted with small modern windmills which, once erected could be left to pump water to the surface with little cost and minimal maintenance. Many visitors come to

Shaumari expecting a zoo and are disappointed that they are not allowed close to the animals.

and into the desert but even from here binoculars are required. The park will not compromise on this point, insisting that visitors are kept distant from animals who must learn to be timid of man. They are however, attempting to build up other attractions that will make the park an enjoyable outing for families coming from as far as Amman.

The headquarters has been transformed into a delightful green garden, a picnic area has been developed and a small natural history museum is in the process of being completed to hold species of birds, reptiles and rodents of the desert which normally go unseen. Certainly, the park can be

modern herds descending from The best view is from the Certainly, the park can be and park warden the same old group of survivors park's observation tower which proud of their success, the annual East Magazine.

inbreeding is a considerable looks out over the holding pens number of visitors is already approaching the 60,000 mark. with a pleasing number of schools bringing children to view their heritage. VIP visitors include Prince Phillip, in his role of President of the World Wildlife Fund and King Hussein has made several visits.

Beauty

In some ways such public relations work might be seen as the park's most vital task, for in the end it is only by bringing people here to the edge of the desert and showing them the beauty of their country that the oryx and other desert creatures can have any future. Pride and respect for a nation's wild heritage will, in the end, count far more than fences and park wardens - The Middle

UFO books stir controversy

By Gene Emery Reuter

CHICAGO — UFO investigators who promote the stories of people claiming to have been kidnapped by unidentified flying objects may be causing serious psycholo-gical damage to those "abduc-

tees," a psychologist has warned. Some recent books chronicling alleged UFO abductions have become best sellers in the United States.

abnormal psychology at the University of Kentucky, said the authors and promoters of books on UFO abductions may be using hypnosis to uncover many of the stories of kidnappings by flying

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Because hypnosis can trans- abducted by fairies and lepform a dream, a hallucination or a fantasy into a seemingly-real event, Baker said, the UFO in-

logical harm to their subjects. He added that a hypnotist, using-the power of suggestion, can even create "memories" of an event that never occurred. Baker said the claims made by

UFO abductees fall into a category of psychology that is "by no means new, and it is well documented. It is no mystery to someone trained in abnormal psychology, hypnosis, and cognitive psychology.

The pattern of the abduction. he said, is the same seen by psychologists in the days when people claimed to have been

Many UFO abductees appear sane and normal "because they vestigators may be doing psychoare perfectly sane and normal. he said, explaining that it's not uncommon for people to occasionally suffer hallucinations or waking dreams. In addition, some fantasy-prone people have trouble determining where the

fantasy ends and reality begins. UFO experts "would like us to believe that all of these experiences are alike. They are not." he sies of abduction were suppressed said. People report a wide variety of creatures and spaceships.

Despite claims to the contrary, all abductee claimants are (either) victims of their own hallucinations and delusions or fan-

other misguided individuals," Baker told a recent meeting of scientists, magicians and writers gathered to discuss supernatural

tasies lifted from their subcon-

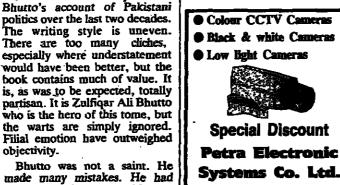
scious, or else they are victims of

"These people are literally talked into believing they've been abducted," Baker said. He accused unscrupulous au-

thors of using the power of suggestion "to convince the unwary and unsuspecting that their fantamemories of actual occurrences.

Baker warned that using hypnosis to turn such fantasies into reality was "a form of psychological rape worse than any claimed 'alien abduction'."





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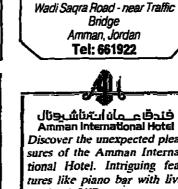
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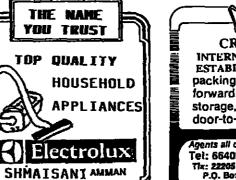
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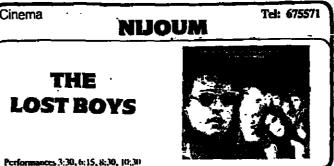
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Lukman calls for higher oil production ceiling for OPEC

KUWAIT (Agencies) — OPEC Chairman Rilwanu Lukman was quoted Tuesday as calling for a higher oil production ceiling by the 13-member group.

of the Organisation of Petroleum ducer, Bahrain, Oman, Qatar Exporting Countries (OPEC) did and the United Arab Emirates. not respect production quotas assigned by the group.

OPEC oil ministers are gather-

ing in Vienna for their semiannual meeting Nov. 21, which has taken on added importance chmark of \$18 per barrel. The because of a plunge in oil price as a result of overproduction.

'Our present output ceiling... including Iraq's quota, no longer represents the demand for our crude at present... what I am saying is that the demand for OPEC oil now exceeds the official production ceiling," Lukman was quoted as saying in an interview with the daily Al Watan newspaper.

Lukman did not specify what the new production ceiling should be. But he excluded a rise to as many as 22 million barrels a day. Current OPEC output is estimated at just below that figure, because of overproduction by some OPEC members.

OPEC's current production ceiling is 16.6 million barrels a day. This includes a quota of 1.5 million barrels for Iraq, which rejected this figure when it was set in December 1986 and is currently producing almost dou-

Kuwait and its sister states in the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) have proposed that Iraq be given a quota equal to Iran's 2.3 million barrels per day, to raise the OPEC ceiling to at least 17.4 million barrels per day. The

reforms Tuesday to counter a

U.S. drive to convince world

trade talks next month to scrap

farm subsidies altogether in the

long run. The EC Council of Farm

Ministers issued a statement

saying it was committed to freez-

ing subsidies in the short term

reducing farm support over

"The short term should involve

the absence of a common curren-

cy will jeopardise the success of

the European Community's

(EC's) single market free of trade

barriers planned for the end of

"The final goal of the Euro-pean 'dream' is to transform Europe into an integrated econo-

mic continent with its specific

role, weight and responsibility

vis-a-vis the U.S. and Japan, said

Gino Scotti, chief economist at

Italian car producer Fiat.

6:00 p.m.

But he also warned that a price other GCC states are Saudi Arawar would erupt if the members bia, the world's largest oil pro-

> Lukman stressed in the interview that adherence by member states to the production quotas was the best way to raise the price of oil above the OPEC bencurrent world oil glut has forced the price down to around \$13 per

> "As the present OPEC agreement expires at the end of December, we have to reach a new accord in Vienna, but this time we aspire to see the agreement signed by all 13 members," he

He warned the agreement would collapse if it was violated by anyone.

He explained that "in the past some members managed to go on violating the agreement because other members stuck to their quotas. But if the coming agreement is violated by any member, all members will have to increase their production. Those violators are well aware of this fact."

Meanwhile, Indonesian Oil Minister Ginanjar Kartasasmita, conferred with his Kuwaiti counterpart, Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al Sabah, Tuesday in view of the

upcoming OPEC meeting.
Official sources said they discussed ways of restoring stability to the oil market and of eliminating feuds among OPEC members, to pave the way for a new production agreement in Vienna. The sources, who did now wish the end of 1988.

duction to be defined. With re-

confirms the Community's posi-

tion that this encompass a reduc-

tion of support significantly

affecting international trade in

agricultural products," the state-

world trade and farm ministers in

Montreal next month to agree to

sidies over the long term.

Washington wants a meeting of

BRUSSELS (R) — European a freeze on support... and a re-Community (EC) farm ministers duction to be defined. With re-

presented a united policy on farm gard to the long term, the council

ment said.

EC farm ministers close ranks

ahead of world trade discussions

minister was trying to reconcile the conflicting views of Iraq in

Iran and Iraq both want to export more oil to pay for rebuilding their economies which were shattered by the eight-yearold war that ended with a ceasefire agreement Aug. 20.

Iran rejects the 2.3 million barrel per day quota for Iraq, as this would give 't parity with its own

Kartasasmita arrived in Kuwait late Monday from Tehran, where he had conferred with Iranian President Ali Khamenei.

He told reporters on arrival that he was trying to persuade Iran and Iraq to help the group work out a new agreement by dropping their feud over production quotas.

"We don't have any specific proposals except that we seek of the governments of Iran and Iraq to open the door for possible agreement," he said.

He described the outcome of his visit to Tehran, where he also conferred with Oil Minister Gholamreza Aqazadeh as "satisfactory" without elaboration. He added that he will also visit Baghdad for similar talks with Iraqi

> U.S. oil industry predicts weaker prices

In New York, industry experts told the American Petroleum Institute's annual meeting Monday that low prices and uncertainty over OPEC's ability to curb production will leave the U.S. oil industry mired in a slump through

any short-term measures it might

food mountains, low world com-

modity prices and driving Third

But the EC is strongly opposed to the total abolition of farm

subsidies, arguing it would be politically impossible to achieve.

tended to be a mid-term review of

The Montreal meeting is in-

World farmers off the land.

Farm subsidies are blamed for

OPEC's failure to curb its output has glutted the world market and depressed oil prices since August, with New York oil futures trading at 26-month lows in recent weeks.

In addition, excess output by OPEC will keep oil stocks high through the fourth quarter, experts said. OPEC pumped 21.7 million barrels per day last month, according to a Reuter survey, with world demand estimated at 18 million to 18.5 million barrels per day.

"OPEC has missed the fourthquarter window of opportunity,' said analyst William Brown of Kidder Peabody and Company, referring to OPEC's chance to cut back its supply and firm prices. "We expect to see a protracted period of low prices," Brown

Oil prices could stay between \$10 and \$15 for a long period, said Ashland Oil Inc chief economist Cyrus Tamahssebi, as the Gulf states fight for oil revenues to use in purchasing sophisticated

But even if the OPEC meeting produces a quota accord, oil's recovery would be short-lived, said Chevron Corp Chairman George Keller. World demand will continue to stay below production levels and keep prices weak, he told Reuters.

Keller said weak oil prices would push his company's fourthquarter earnings down from their third-quarter total of \$680 mil-

Exxon Corp, the largest U.S. oil producer, is also bearish on oil prices and planning its 1989 budget on forecasts of \$13 to \$16 a barrel oil, Chairman Lawrence Rawl told reporters.

guay in 1986 with the aim of

freeing the flow of trade in agri-

culture and manufactured goods

as well as in service industries

such as banking, insurance and

The Uruguay talks called for a concerted reduction of farm sub-

sidies, but did not stipulate aboli-

EC officials said the Commun-

ity resented what it saw as a U.S.

the four-year round of GATT attempt to hijack the Montreal

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Abu Dhabi may invest more in Spain

ABU DHABI (R) - Abu Dhabi is considering raising the stake it bought in a Spanish oil refining company to give it a guaranteed outlet for its crude oil, officials said Tuesday. They said the International Petroleum Investment Company (IPIC) would decide soon whether to apply to raise its stake in Cia Espanola de Petroleos S.A. (CEPSA) to 15 per cent. IPIC, the emirate's overseas petroleum investment arm, bought 10 per cent of CEPSA last January in a \$124 million deal which gave it two seats on the board. It was its first investment in a foreign refiner. With its 10 per cent stake, Abu Dhabi has the right to supply 60,000 barrels per day of crude to the refiner. Oil industry sources said the aim was to secure an outlet for Abu Dhabi crude even when world demand

New S. Korean airline opens office

SEOUL (AP) - A new domestic airline named Asiana opened a business office Tuesday and announced it would commence operations next month with flights between Seoul and the southern port city of Pusan. Asiana Airlines, owned by Kumho Group, a private business conglomerate, said it will open branch offices in Pusan, Kwangju and Cheju before the end of the year. The airline, the nation's second after Korean Air, said it will begin services with a fleet of two B737-400 passenger planes Dec. 23 and operate between Seoul and Pusan three times a week. In January 1989, it will add on four flights a week between Seoul and Cheju, the airpline said. Korean Air, also privately owned, has both domestic and international air routes.

Abbey Life loses bid for merger deal

LONDON (R) — British insurance company, the Abbey Life Group Pic, said Monday that a poll of shareholders defeated its plans to buy five businesses from Lloyds Bank Plc, one of Britain's four major clearing banks. The plan required the approval of shareholders representing 75 per cent of Abbey Life shares but received the

OAS urges new ways to solve debt problem

SAN SALVADOR (R) — Latin America's huge debt payments are stunting economic growth and sowing the threat of political instability throughout the region, speakers at the opening of the Organisation of American States

(OAS) assembly said Monday. "Creditors and debtors are in this together," U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz, on lightning visit to San Salvador, told dele-

Shultz, whose country is a lead-ing creditor in the \$420 billion Latin American debt crisis, said economic reforms were needed in the region but they could be counter-productive if they involved too much hardship.

He linked the debt issue to political stability in a continent with a history of poverty and violence.

"Consolidation of democratic government also depends on strong, growing economies and the prospects of better lives for this and succeeding generations,"

gradually, mainly through the private sector, avoiding difficult

executive director of Nederland-

sche Bank: "There is the belief that this is a less painful way to

achieve a common currency.

But according to Andre Szasz,

Those against the ECU as a — thereby losin parallel currency say basic quesexisting appeal.

political decisions.

to be spread over the long term at low interest "so that it may be settled by the present generation and not mortgage the generation

in his opening speech.

OAS Secretary General Joao Baenes Soares drew attention to the effects of economic problems, such as growing unemployment and the erosion of wages by inflation, on the general popu-

"Since 1981 the countries of the region have been steadily driven down the road to impoverishment," he said.

"The lack of the means needed for personal and national subsistence threatens to unravel the fabric of society and to imperil democratic co-existence," he

Latin America's overall growth in 1988 would be less than one per cent and per capita production would fall 1.5 per cent,

"The measures adopted so far (General Agreement on Tariffs agenda with its zero-subsidy President Jose Napoleon Duarte meet the crisis," he added.

cannot be avoided, since the

ECU would fairly early on need

to be managed by a central bank

to head off any risk of inflation.

To compete effectively against

national currencies it would also

have to become a real currency -

not an artificial basket currency

— thereby losing some of its

1987 level, the Federal Reserve

month were especially strong in

business equipment, car products

and construction supplies, the

Car output in October in-

creased to an annual rate of 7.6

million vehicles from 7.4 million

were in mining output, which

declined 0.9 per cent, raw mate-

in September, it said.

Production increases last

(Fed) Board said.

Fed said.

backing of only 64 per cent at an extraordinary meeting. Under the plan, Lloyds would have received a controlling stake in Abbey Life of 57.6 per cent in exchange for the five businesses. The insurers said they would now explore other ways of implementing the merger.

Mauritius launches 'dodos'

PORT LOUIS (R) — The Indian Ocean state of Mauritius has launched a series of gold coins named after its extinct flightless bird, the dodo. Investors in the international bullion market will be able to purchase the 22-carat dodos from the Bank of Mauritius with face values of 100 rupees (\$7.40), 250, 500 or 1,000 rupees. The prices will vary from day to day in line with the world gold market. On one side the coins portray the dodo and on the other the head of prime minister Sir Anerood Jugnauth. Central Bank Governor Indur Ramphul said residents of Mauritius who purchase the coins would be exempted from the 45 per cent stamp duty which normally applies to jewellery sales in the island.

Turkey expects boom in tourism

ANKARA (R) — Turkey, enjoying an unprecedented tourist boom, expects to attract a record 4.6 million foreign visitors next year and bring in much-needed revenue to bolster the economy, tourism ministry sources have said. An estimated 3.8 million tourists visited Turkey this year, up from 2.9 million in 1987 and 2.4 million in 1986, mainly from West Germany, Britain and other European Community countries. Tourism revenue is likely to reach \$2.7 billion next year, compared with \$2.2 billion in 1988 and \$1.5 billion in 1987, the sources said. "The tourism sector will be the main stabilising element in the economy for years to come," Ali Tigrel, head of the State Planning Organisation, told reporters.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Tuesday Nov. 15, 1988 Central Bank official rates

U.S. dollar Pound Sterling Deutschemark Swiss franc French franc	458.0 827.8 262.9 313.2 76.9	Sell 460.0 831.9 264.2 314.8 77.3	Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder . Swedish crown Italian fira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)	Bay 371.1 233.0 75.4 35.3 125.3	Sell 373.0 234.2 75.8 35.5 125.9
French Iranc	76.9	77.3	Deigian mark (for 10)	122.5	125.9

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

Activity on the Amman Financial Market for Nov. 15, 1988.

	Number	Volume	Contracts
Regular market:	1432479	JD 2766236	. 1261
Top three companies:	•	•	
The National Financial Investment	274214	JD 644619	62
Arab Bank Limited	2920	JD 422613	89
Arab Aluminium Manufacturing Co.	79065	JD 160353	50
Parallel market:	30529	JD 10995	_
Development bonds:	21717	JD 235234	

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Ministry of Industry and Trade 663191 Ministry of Supply	Jordan Commercial Centres Corporation
Invited Industrial Estates	Iordanian Rusineumen

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar U.S. dollar Canadian dollar 1.8085/95 1.2320/30 1.7445/55 Deutschemarks Dutch guilders 1.9645/55 1.4605/15 36.54/57 5.9575/625 Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs 1297/1298 Italian lire 123,35/45 Japanese yen 6.0740/90 Swedish crowns 6.6020/70 Norwegian crowns

6.7370/420

One ounce of gold 423.00/423.50

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

U.S. retail sales, industrial output rise WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. re- tor 5.1 per cent above its October:

The process could be done tions about the future of Europe

tail stores had their biggest sales rise in seven months in October, while output by American factores, mines and utilities also rose, the government said Tuesday.

The 0.9 per cent gain in retail sales, combined with a 0.4 per cent rise in industrial production, provided fresh evidence that the U.S. economy was picking up steam again after a summer slowdown, economists said.

Retail sales rose \$1.24 billion in October to a seasonally adjusted \$135.62 billion, paced by strong showings by car dealers and department stores, the Commerce Department said. The gain was the largest since

March, when sales rose 1.6 per cent, and left retail sales 6.8 per cent above their October 1987

October's gain in industrial production followed rises of 0.2 per cent in September and 0.3 per cent in August and lifted the output of the U.S. industrial sec-

rials output, which was unchanged and in production of defence and space equipment, which was also unchanged. The rise in retail sales, did not come as a complete surprise, eco-

nomists said. They said they expected a rebound in sales from the 0.3 per cent September decline largely because of a surge in new jobs and a healthy jump in wages in Octo-

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itself out of the doldrums caused by Monday's 31-point slide. The All Ordinaries index was down 4.4 points at 1,522.5. Output of consumer goods, which had declined 0.2 per cent in September, rebounded with a 0.6 TOKYO — Prices rose to a record closing high for the third consecutive session in moderate, broad-based trade. The Nikkei index rose 308.51 points, 1.08 per cent, to 28.829.41. per cent gain in October.
The only weak areas last month

HONG KONG — Prices closed sharply higher on bargain-hunting and improved sentiment. The Hang Seng index rose 30.59 to

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY - Shares closed easier after the market failed to lift

SINGAPORE - Prices drifted lower across the board for the

second day, driving the Straits Times index below the psychological support level of 1,000. It fell 4.82 to 997.83. BOMBAY — Share prices fell on a broad front when the exchange

reopened after a Hindu religious holiday. The market opened subdued and weakened further on profit-taking after last week's gains. Tata Steel lost five rapees to 1,057.5.

FRANKFURT - News that German electronics firm Nixdorf plans a lower 1988 dividend shattered the quiet pre-holiday mood and eroded earlier gains. The DAX index rose 0.7 to 1,262,54.

ZURICH — Shares closed narrowly mixed in low turnover. Trading was affected by the overnight fall on Wall Street but the halt to the dollar's slide helped to steady shares. The Swiss index

PARIS - Prices were firmer at mid-session but trading was thin due to morning power cuts. Operators were also reluctant to take

significant positions before Wednesday's U.S. trade data. LONDON - Shares were steady in afternoon business, with participants again content to track developments on Wall Street

ahead of the September U.S. trade figures. At 1530 GMT the FTSE 100 index was up nine at 1,803.3. NEW YORK - Stocks edged higher in mid-morning after being mixed in early trading. Traders said Blue Chips gained on bargain-hunting. The Dow was up six at 2,071.

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LUXEMBOURG (R) — British

Deliver Margaret Thatch
The usefulness of a common currency, however, is also stirring deep debate on the future of the er may not want to live to see it but talk of European central bank and a common currency will not EC.

A central bank would be More and more, plitical and needed to manage the currency, industrial leaders are saying that eventually taking control of monetary and economic policies and implying a big loss of national

common currency.

A survey carried out in Octo-ber by the Paris-based Faits et

"I am sure that none of us could imagine the United States with 50 different currencies," he told a conference on European finance in November in Antwerp,

European central bank plans gain momentum

It is making this a condition of and Trade) talks, began in Uru- proposal.

back next June.

Any tourist who has ever travelled between two or three EC countries can see the use of

Dpinions found that 86 per cent of European business leaders wanted a common currency which they said would cut their costs and reduce foreign exchange risk.

Now virtually all EC countries except Britain have given qualified support to some form of monetary union in the long term,

with Denmark this month showing signs of becoming the latest country to drop its opposition.

EC leaders agreed at a summit meeting in Hanover in June to set up a special committee to look into ideas such as a central bank and common currency and report

Only Thatcher, worried the EC is drifting towards a "United States of Europe," has dismissed outright a central bank.

"I neither want nor expect ever to see such a bank in my lifetime. nor, if I'm twanging a harp, for quite a long time afterwards," she told reporters during a recent visit to Italy. But for many Europeans the

question is not whether there should be monetary union, but when and how. Most accept that it will happen long after 1992 but they are now arguing about which

path to follow and how fast to go. On one side are those in favour of developing the European Currency Unit (ECU) as a single EC currency. On the other are advocates of increasing economic and

monetary cooperation through the European Monetary System (EMS) — an exchange rate mechanism which limits fluctuations in eight EC currencies.

Created less than 10 years ago as an artificial basket currency made up of 10 EC currencies, the ECU has already won big success in financial markets, becoming the fifth most important currency in bond markets.

Although there are no ECU banknotes or coins, its nature as a basket currency makes it a safe, stable investment. It also gained unexpected endorsement this autumn when Britain decided for the first time to launch treasury bills in ECUs.

The ECU lobby says the currency could be used as a parallel currency alongside national currencies, eventually driving these out through market forces.

A start would be made by encouraging its use in trade and invoicing until eventually it would become important enough to need a central bank to supervise

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garden, garage. Location: Shmeisani

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INVITATION On the occasion of H.M. King Hussein's birthday: Under the patronage of

H.E. Dr. Muhammad Hammouri the Minister of Culture and National Heritage, the Dept. of Antiquities has the pleasure to invite the public to visit the archaeological exhibition organised in cooperation with the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago: AQABA: Port of Palestine and the Storehouse of Hijaz, on

From November 18 - 30, 1988 at the Registration and Research Centre of Dept. of Antiquities on

The exhibition will open daily from 10-1 a.m./3-6 For group visits please phone 644482.

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FILIPINO MAID

664355 from 6:00 p.m. -

Gullit absent from Dutch-Italian match

ROME (R) — Rund Gullit looks set to head a star cast of absentees from the team he led to the European Championship when an injury-hit Netherlands play 1990 World Cup hosts Italy in a soccer friendly Wednesday.

Italian champions AC Milan have asked the Dutch to spare Gullit-so he can recover from a thigh strain that has compounded. his injury problems this season and manager Thijs Libregts appealed likely Tuesday to

Gullit has been named to Libregts' squad of 16 but is expected to watch from the bench, reducing to five the number of survivors from the side that swept to the European Championship.

Italian manager Azeglio Vicini will be without injured Internazionale goalkeeper Walter Zenga and winger Roberto Donadoni, nursing a broken jaw from a near-fatal accident in AC Milan's European Cup clash against Red Star Belgrade. He will give Roma's Ruggiero

1 Real Property

Rizzitelli more experience in place of Donadoni but has said he could substitute him with untested Roberto Daggio of Fiorentina in the second half.

The tactic underlines Vicini's continuing experimentation with a young side that reached the semifinals of the European Championships and rank among the favourites for the World Cup.

In two seasons I have changed more players than a club manager would in 10 years," Vicini said. His main problem in the run-up to 1990 is to keep his squad sharp with only friendlies to fall back on, and the Dutch injury woes

have not helped his campaign.

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

Neither vulnerable. South deals.

Q 10 9 7 3

EAST

4 A J-18-9 3 ---

2 ◊ 3 ♠

The lare of a finesse can be all-consuming. Even players who know better find it hard to resist. South,

our goat on today's hand, was a player of considerable experience.

North-South were of the old-

fashioned school. North's diamond

response and spade raise were invi-tational in their methods, and South

heart sequence and East encouraged cept clubs.

NORTH

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Opening lead: Jack of ♥

WEST

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er er Gregoria Santa

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GOREN BRIDGE

THE DEVIL MADE ME DO IT!

Also Wednesday erratically gifted Spaniards face a tough test as they begin their World Cup soccer campaign with a qualifying match against Ireland, the dark horses of the recent European

The Group Six match is the first for new manager Luis Suarez, who took over the national team from Miguel Monoz in August, and he said that "while we're not trembling, we can't see them as no-hopers.

"They're a serious, strong side, and you have to respect them, said Suarez, adding he hoped current good weather in Seville and a string of injuries in the Irish side would favour his team.

Spain, with only one win to its credit this year against four draws and six defeats, is looking to reverse the trend without veteran Real Madrid defender Jose Camacho and his teammate Migael Chendo, both injured.

Camacho is replaced by Sevil-le's Manuel Jimenez and Chendo by Real colleague Jesus Solana, making his debut in the national

Suarez has included three other newcomers in his 16-man squad, strikers Manolo Sanchez and Ramon Vazquez and Real Sociedad defender Alberto Gorriz - making his bow at the age

Spain's task could be made easier by Ireland's lengthy injury list — David Kelly, Ronnie Whelan, Chris Hughton, Kevin Sheedy and Paul McGrath.

Jack Charlton, with only one defeat in the last 15 matches, has been forced to spring some sur-

vigorously with the nine as declarer

vided the entry to dummy for de-

clarer to run the queen of trumps,

Back came a heart to East's

queen, and that worthy lost no time in firing back another club. Now de-

clarer realized his dilemma. His last

club stopper was removed while he

still had a loser in the suit, and the opponents still held the ace of dia-

Declarer was faced with four pos-

sible losers. However, there was

time to draw trumps and set up dia-

Suppose the defenders shift to clubs—it is too late. Declarer wins,

draws the outstanding trumps and forces out the ace of diamonds. The ace of clubs on the table prevents

the defenders from taking a trick in

losing to West's king.

monds. Down one. -

not have to lose

won the ace. A chub to the king pro-



Gullit when in shape has Europe at his feet

 including brilliant West Ham midfielder Liam Brady and Arsenal's David O'Leary, back after being dropped from the

national side 21/2 years ago. Brady, who holds a record 67 caps, missed the European Championships after being sent off in a qualifier against Bulgaria in October last year and was then struck down with a serious ligament injury which put him out of action until only last weekend, when he played as a second half

"If I'm picked, I don't think I'll left anyone down," Brady said. 'I know Liam has played only a limited amount of first team

football, and normally I would not have selected him for a game of this importance at this stage of his rehabilitation." said Charlton. "But the squad has been drained to the point where I must

gamble and Liam's presence will give as some valuable extra options. I need to look at him in training, but it is reassuring to have him back."

Soviets beat N. Carolina State

RALEIGH (AP) — Arvidas Sabonis scored 17 points in a reserve role to lead five players in double figures as the Soviet Union national team held off North Carolina State for an 86-71 victory Monday

Sabonis scored four points in a 7-point burst by the Olympic gold medallists which widened a 51-46 edge at 16:10 of the second half to 56-46 following Sergei Tarakanov's 3-point play with 15:01 re-

The Soviets opened a 69-56 lead with 8:17 left on a 3-point basket by Rimas Kurtinaitis, but the Wolfpack put on a final charge, twice catting the deficit to 6 points.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1988

- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation-

TENDENCIES: Aspects for this day are impulsive and impelling. Disorganization of and impelling. Disorganization of feelings leads to strain. Matters reach a bottleneck leading to impa-tience, and tempers flare. Use cau-

clarer kept control of the club suit. By crossing to the king of clubs, he removed one of his own defensive ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You At trick two, declarer should simply have led a low spade out of his hand, conceding a trick he might

jump in and volunteer without preparation. You insist on your own viewpoint and demand to be heard. Luck is with you, though.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Prepare yourself with a self-styled education. Hit the library and collect hard facts. Discuss holiday plans. Set schedules now.

GEMINI (May 21 to Jume 21) Avoid someone who is cool to your friendship. Later they will come around on their own. Help someone who needs a shoulder to cry on.

MOON CHILDREN (Jume 22 to Jul. 21) A family member is coming

Jul. 21) A family member is coming apart at the seams and needs your companionship and counsel. Avoid coming down to hard on them. LEO (Jul. 22 to Ang. 21) You may engage in verbal combat over an outrageous double-cross. That

response will produce more prob-lems than solutions. VIRGO (Ang. 22 to Sept. 22) You are coming to grips with a personal problem. Parents may figure in prominently. Evening hours are spent in a pleasant setting. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Someone you miss dearly is on your mind. Use sentiment constructively

by helping those close by. Expand SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Set an appointment for an annual physical checkup. Compliments will win another over to your camp. Do

omething for yourself. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You can count on a friend to help elevate your professional posi-tion. Smile and get a great response from someone who's frowning. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

A devil-may-cere attitude is a refreshing change from your regimented styla. Companions will enjoy your cheer this evening.

AQUARTUS Una. 21 to Feb. 19) Dispose of unwanted junk and clutter which is disturbing your sense of presentiation. Short for accessition.

of organization. Shop for necessities while you have the time. PISCES (Feb. 29 to Mar. 20) It is time to work on your appearance and personal style. A secret makeover is in tune with your current creative sense.

55 Stollan aight 57 Sounds of disgust 58 Crave 51 — sods 62 Calendar abbr. 53 Hockey great 64 Puckish

THE Daily Crossword by Virginia L. Yates 11 Gig 14 Boredom 15 "Arabesque star 16 Have being 16 Have being 17 By end by .19 Study 20 Hoodkum 21 Try to come 23 More agile 26 — whizi 27 Out of the ordknery ordinary 28 Clinton's canal 29 John Doe's 31 31 Joanne of films
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30 Mine finds 32 Outfits 34 — time (ne

DOWN Denson of "Cheers"

Drug probe highlights Johnson case

TORONTO (AP) — Canada, a country that prides itself on fair play, began a formal examination Tuesday of how its dream of Olympic gold for sprinter Ben Johnson dissolved into a night-marish steroid scandal.

sumed training this week, said last Friday he would welcome the chance to race arch-rival Carl Lewis anywhere, anytime.

Lewis's agent, Joe Douglas. told a Toronto newspaper last Thursday he was approached recently by a member of the Johnson camp about the possibility of a lucrative match race between the two rivals, possibly next

And Glen Calkins, who handles Johnson's Canadian endorsements, said he has been contacted by three different U.S. interests about the possibility of a Johnson-Lewis duel.

"Til race Carl anywhere, anytime," Johnson, who appeared noticeably thinner than he was in Seoul, told Reuters during a workout session.

"I'd like to race him. But it's going to be hard," said Johnson, who resumed his daily training schedule on the track last Monday." I've got to keep in shape," said the 26-year-old Jamaicanborn Canadian sprinter, who still holds the world record of 9.83 seconds for the 100 metres.

Ontario Associate Chief Justice Charles Dubin, appointed by the federal government to investigate drug abuse in Canadian

Ben Johnson, who quietly re- athletics, has declined comment in advance on the scope of his hearings that began in Toronto, Tuesday.

Expectations were high that the proceedings would go much farther than the issue of whether Johnson used anabolic steroids, as drug tests showed after his Olympic victory.

Johnson maintains that he never knowingly used drugs to enhance his performances, capped by the world record 9.79 second, 100-metre race at Seoul, South Korea, Sept. 24.

Canadian euphoria at Johnson's victory over Carl Lewis of the United States quickly turned to sadness and disgrace as he was stripped of the medal.

would never embarrass my family, my friends, my country and the kids who love me," Johnson said after his return from

Some remained loyal, and Tshirts appeared with the slogan, "Ben didn't do it." They have slipped out of store display windows as the weeks since the Olympics passed.

Johnson has been banned from competition for two years by the International Olympic Amateur Athletic Federation, which governs world track and field.



Ben Johnson on September 24, after breaking the 100 metre world

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Peru leads chess Olympiad

SALONIKI (R) - Peru emerged as the chess Olympiad leader here Monday after beating Thailand in a mixed second round, displacing first round leader Britain. In a round beset with incidents involving all leading teams, Peru were the only team to maintain a 100 per cent record of wins.

Swedish players of the year?

NEW YORK (R) - Swedes Mats Wilander and Stefan Edberg are among five top tennis players nominated for player of the year, the Association of Tennis Professional (ATP) announced Monday. Wilander, winner of this year's Australian, French and U.S. opens, an Edberg, Wimbledon champion, were nominated with Americans Andre Agassi, Czech Ivan Lendl and Swede Kent Carlsson for the honour, which will be presented November 29.

McLarens looking forward to next victory in 1989

ADELAIDE (R) — The McLaren Formula One team, which Sunday capped a record-breaking 1988 season with a one-two finish in the Australian Grand Prix, is likely to remain tough to beat next

"McLaren are always going to be hard to beat," said Formula One Constructors' Association Chairman Bernie Ecclestone. "With 15 wins out of 16 races for McLaren (in the past season) it would be a brave man to bet against

But under rules coming into effect next season there may be more competition around.

The fast turbo-charged engines which helped Frenchman Alain Prost win the Australian race and Brazilian team-mate Avrton Senna win second this year's world championship, will not be allowed.

"I'm hopeful that next year some other teams will make the effort. Ferrari should be very competitive again and of course Williams," said Eccles-

McLaren's utter dominance of Formula One this year has brought complaints their success has taken some of the

magic from racing — a charge McLaren team boss Ron Dennis finds hard to take.

"People claim that we have wrecked this year's championship," he told a news conference. "I don't know what they expected us to do. Do they expect us to be deliberately less competitive?"

It is not just engines which have made McLaren so strong. Honda this year supplied both McLaren and team Lotus with the same turbo-charged V-6

Lotus's best results were two third-places by three-time world champion Nelson Pi-quet, in Brazil and San Marino. The team, which also includes Japanese driver Satoru Nakajima, finished fourth in the Constructors' championship behind Benetton,

Senna, and his two-time world champion team-mate Prost, had the season to themselves. They fought each other for the 1988 title, Senna's eight wins giving him the trophy despite Prost's consistency with seven wins and seven second places.

"This has been an exceptional season when you can see two drivers from the same

team fighting for the championship," Prost said after the Adelaide race.

Winning combination Austrian Niki Lauda, threetime world champion and Prost's team-mate until 1985. said Senna and McLaren were the finest combination of the

past 10 years. "It is really unbelievable the way McLaren has gone this season. They have only lost one race (to Ferrari's Gerhard Berger in Italy). No one has ever done this before," he

Lauda predicted Senna would be just as successful next year. "I really believe he is the best. Senna is a new generation of driver who devotes 150 per cent of his time to motor-racing. I've never with himself and his team to

succeed." Next year McLaren will have exclusive use of Honda's radical but normally-aspirated

V-10 3.5-litre engine. "Ron Dennis consistently improves his team to be always ahead and it looks like he will do the same thing next year because the normally-aspirated car testing at Imola was

quicker than the turbo car ~ that's unbelievable," said Lauda. Dennis too is confident the

new car and engine combination will be extremely competi-"We are doing our best and

we are very pleased with the development car and sure the new version of that will be even better," Dennis said. He sees Ferrari as the tough-

est competition next year. ahead of the Judd-powered Williams and the teams supplied by Renault with its new V-10 engine. "It's very difficult to evalu-

ate the performance of other teams," Dennis said. "Renault have not had enough time to develop their engine to be competitive at the start of the season but Ferrari have had a long period of development and experience with the multicylinder engines."

The McLaren team, founded in the mid-1960s by New Zealand racing ace Bruce McLaren who was killed testing a new car in 1970, has contested 314 Grand Priv and won four World Constructors championships. Six drivers' championships have been wonat the wheel of a McLaren.

Peanuts

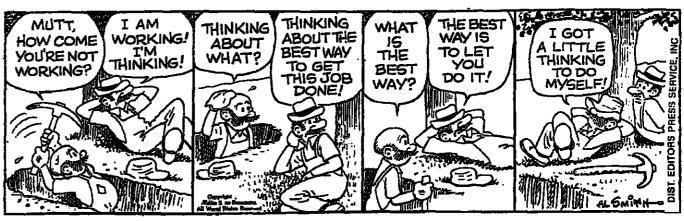
YES MA'AM, I KNOW I'M LATE. WELL, WE MISSED THE SCHOOL BUS...MY SISTER FELL ASLEEP AGAINST A TELEPHONE POLE ...



YES, MAAM...SITTING ON THE SIDEWALK .. WELL, I DIDN'T WANT TO WAKE HER UP, AND I FELT I COULDN'T LEAVE HER ... SO I JUST SAT THERE, TOO ...



Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp

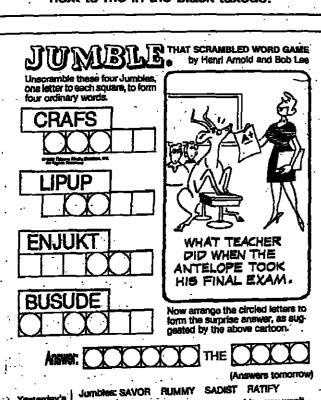




chose to accept on the basis of the known double fit. the suit and serves as an entry to the diamonds. The best the defenders

. West led the top of his broken can do is get a trick in each suit ex-

"You've changed a bit since then. I think you're the one standing next to me in the black tuxedo."



Answer: Some say that if you many a widow you won't do this —MARRY "A-MISS"



space shuttle Buran completed its first voyage Tuesday with a pilotless landing near its Central Asian launch site that crowned a major success for the Soviet space ירסgramme.

The Buran (Snowstorm) shuttle, the lower part of its gleaming white fuselage discoloured by the heat of re-entry, landed with a ouff of dust on a concrete runway and rolled to a halt as three parachutes opened behind it.

Its three-hour, 25-minute flight was a major success for the Soviet space programme after a series of problems that included the near loss of cosmonauts on a joint Soviet-Afghan mission to the Mir

The state news agency TASS reported that Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev was informed of the flight's success in the industrial city of Orel, south of Moscow, where he was conducting a top-level meeting on farm

Gorbachev said the flight was "one more confirmation of the kind of huge possibilities the Soviet Union has to solve any

Buran took off in yellow flame and a huge cloud of white steam cisely on scheduled at 6 a.m. Moscow time (0300 GMT), made two orbits, and landed on sche-

dule at 9:25 a.m. (0625 GMT). The fully automated launch and landing on the barren, brown steppe were shown on a delayed

in unmanned flight. They have not said when that might be.

"The USSR has successfully said, making the first announce-ment of the landing.

The unmanned shuttle has

"Experts say the flight went according to programme" and a full schedule of tests was completed, the radio said.

Buran made little more th two orbits around the Earth. When the testing of all systems was completed, the computer issued landing commands," the

fuel Energiya rocket minutes after take-off, and about three-quarters of an hour into the flight Buran's own engines fired twice, in the early morning dark from accelerating the craft into orbit.

Kremlin chief to address U.N., visit U.K., India, Cuba

Gorbachev on new diplomatic drive

MOSCOW (R) — Kremlin leader Mikhail Gorbachev will visit the United States and Britain next month, TASS news agency said Tuesday, confirming earlier reports from New York and London.

Roh may meet Chun to

SEOUL (R) — President Roh rose to power in a 1979 military Tae-Woo is likely to meet with coup, stood down last February

The South Korean government act swiftly before anti-Chun sen-

since the former strongman, who of some political detainees and to

calm political storm

Gorbachev announced his travel plans to a top-level meeting of Communist Party leaders in the Russian city of Oryol, the

Soviet news agency said.
"He (Gorbachev) reported that in the coming days there will be an important visit to Inida in December, a visit to Cuba and Great Britain is planned," TASS

"Before that, Mikhail Gorbachev expects to speak in New York at the session of the General Assembly of the United Nations, setting forth the views of the Soviet Union on the most important problems of world development," the report said.

his predecessor in a last-ditch bid

to defuse political tension grow-

ing over public demands for punishment of the former presi-

dent, ruling-party sources said

and Roh's Democratic Justice

Party have been holding a flurry of consultations since the presi-

dent's return from an Asian tour

They are studying the likely possibility of Roh and former

head of state Chun Doo Hwan

meeting this week, the sources

They said Roh would send a

personal emissary on either Tues-

day or Wednesday to Chun, liv-

ing in seclusion in a bunker-like

home in western Seoul, to discuss

ways to assuage raging public auger at Chun's alleged misrule

and massive corruption by him

Roh and Chun have not met

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador

(AP) — The financially strapped

(OAS) opened its general assem-

bly Monday with a warning from

its secretary-general that it could

become "merely a bureaucratic

Joao Baena Soares, the Brazi-

lian head of the 31-member OAS,

also said that "a new reality must

be created within our hemis-

phere... that will find the OAS to

be an effective political forum

between the Americas, north and

Baena Soares spoke just before

Salvadorean President Jose Napo-

veloped atomic weapons, increas-

ing the threat of a nuclear war

with India and representing a major setback to efforts to stem

the spread of atomic weapons

around the globe, says a study

ances, Pakistan appears to have"

"After a decade of slow adv-

published Tuesday.

contrivance."

south.'

anisation of American States

TASS said Gorbachev declared the Soviet Union intended to step up its efforts in foreign policy and to act constructively "in the spirit of new political thinking."

Gorbachev's remarks were the first Soviet confirmation of reports from New York that he would go there in mid-December and an announcement by British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher that Gorbachev would be in London from Dec. 12-14.

The initial TASS report gave no dates for the visits. It also made no mention of any meetings with President Ronald Reagan and President-elect George Bush. Gorbachev's plans to visit India

in favour of army colleague Roh.

Originally Chun's protege, Roh won the December 1987 pres-

The ruling camp has delivered

a message to Chun that he must

timent gets out of hand with

Friday's opening of a parliamentary hearing on the brutal suppression by Chun's troops of a

1980 civil uprising in the south-

west city of Kwangju.

DIP officials said the govern-

ment was offering Chun immun-ity from prosecution in exchange

for his promise to make a public

apology for any wrongdoings, re-

turned to the state illegally amas-

sed wealth and leave the capital

in self-exile to his native town in

The state-run Korea Broad-

casting System said Monday the

government would soon take me-

asures to allow greater democra-

cy, possibly including the release

opened the weeklong session.

Duarte, who has terminal cancer,

condemned leftist guerrillas bat-

thing his government and called for support for the stalled Central.

U.S. Secretary of State George

In his speech, Baena Soares

Shultz attended the inaugural ses-

addressed two fundamental critic-

isms levelled at the OAS since its

foundation in 1948: That it is an

ineffective, essentially bureaucra-

tic forum, and that it is domin-

WASHINGTON (AP) — Pakis- joined a group of three other Two years ago, President tan appears to have finally de- nations that have nuclear Ronald Reagan certified to Con-

weapons but don't admit it,

The other countries in that

ises in national security studies. weapons.

according to the review by the

"Over this session of the gener-

ated by the United States.

'Pakistan has nuclear weapons'

Carnegie Endowment

American peace process.

the remote southeast,

OAS meeting opens with

warning about future role

idential election.

this weekend for the second time in two years were already known. The trip to Cuba, a close Soviet ally, had not been announced previously.

Soviet Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov, speaking at a news conference in Moscow, also confirmed Gorbachev's intention to visit Britain and go to New York.
"Yesterday British Prime

Minister Mrs. Thatcher announced that Mikhail Gorbachev would be visiting her country," Gerasimov said. "I can repeat it officially today.

Mikhail Sergeyevich (Gor-bachev) will also attend a General Asembly meeting of the U.N. Earlier, Soviet sources said

Kremlin disarmament proposals would be high on the agenda for Gorbachev's round of meetings. which begin with a scheduled visit

Roh, Tae-Woo

don Chun.

mentor.

leon Duarte, who formally all assembly there looms a central

category are Israel, India and could go ahead. But in recent South Africa, said the report, the months, U.S. officials have been

fourth such survey published by less direct in asserting that the the non-profit group that special- Pakistanis don't have atomic

appeal to both the opposition and

general public to politically par-

In his arrival statement Mon-

day, Roh called for "reason, not

emotion" in dealing with the

Chun case, apparently reaffirm-

ing his pledge not to allow legal

Chun's imprisonment could pre-

cipitate an already brewing poli-

tical crisis in such a way as to

upset the Roh government as a

whole and cause a national catas-

issue that must be settled," said

Baena Soares. "The member

governments must decide what they want to do with the OAS at

this critical juncture in the life of

He also lamented the orga-

The OAS is nearly bankrupt

because most member nations are

far behind in their dues. The

United States, which provides

much of the budget as well as the

OAS headquarters in Washing-

gress that Pakistan did not pos-

sess nuclear weapons, a certifica-

tion required by Capitol Hill be-

fore the U.S. aid programme

nisation's "extremely difficult

financial circumstances."

ton, owes \$41 million.

the Americas."

Gorbachev's trips will come after a full autumn programme on both foreign and domestic fronts

for the Kremlin leader. At the end of the month, he will preside over a key session of the Soviet parliament, the Supreme Soviet, which is to vote on controversial constitutional changes he has championed in his drive to reform the country's poli-

tical system. Aiready over the past two months, in an initiative clearly aimed at building links in Europe, he has played host to Austrian Chancellor Franz Vranitzky. Italian Premier Ciriaco de Mita and West German Chancelior Helmut Kohl,

While the talks with De Mita and Kohl focused extensively on development of what Gorbachev

to Moscow by President François has called the "common Euro-Mitterrand of France on Nov. 25. pean home," his discussions with Thatcher, Reagan and Bush are likely to have a wider context.

Although he reputedly has a good personal rapport with Thatcher and she has praised his efforts to modernise Soviet society, the British prime minister also insists that the West maintain's strong military potential.

In a report on her Monday speech in which she announced the Gorbachev visit, the TASS said she repeated her government's stand "which amounts to saying a strengthening of the West's military might is essen-

According to the New York reports, Gorbachev was expected to address the United Nations General Assembly and have his fifth and last meeting with

Judge orders arrest of Carbide chairman

BHOPAL, India (AP) — Arrest ern Incorporated, a Hong Kongwarrants were issued Tuesday for former Union Carbide Chairman Warren Anderson and two other officials of the U.S.-based cor- the summonses issued last Deporation in connection with the

1984 Bhopal gas disaster. More than 3,200 people died and at least 20,000 were injured when toxic gas leaked out of a tank at a pesticide plant operated by Union Carbide's Indian sub-

Chief Judicial Magistrate R.C. Mishra issued the arrest warrants after Anderson and other Union Carbide officials failed to honour summonses to appear in the Bhopal magistrate's court to answer murder charges.

proceedings against his former The summonses were issued Political analysts and some opposition officials agree that last December when the murder charges were filed in conjunction with the Indian government's still-unresolved \$3 billion damage suit against Union Carbide.

Mishra issued the arrest warrants in response to a request by government prosecutor U.S.

"They are deliberately trying to disobey the court of law," Prasad said.

The arrest warrants were issued for Anderson, John Mac-Donald, assistant secretary of Union Carbide Corporation, headquartered in Danbury, Connecticut, and Peter J. Whitley,

based subsidiary.

MacDonald and Whitley had not been named individually in cember, but Prasad sought orders for their arrests, saying they had received the earlier summonses on behalf of their companies.

Prasad said the Indian government may initiate extradition proceedings if the three men ignore the arrest warrants. In issuing the warrants, Mishra

and the trio could each be released on bail of \$1,000 after appearing in magistrate's court. As a magistrate, Mishra is not conducting a trial on any of the charges filed in the case. But his job empowers him to preside over some procedural matters, such as failure to answer summonses and whether to order a

case to trial in a higher court.

The only Union Carbide representative present Tuesday was Rajendra Singh, an attorney for Union Carbide India Limited, the subsidiary that operated the Bhopal pesticide plant.

Singh declined comment upon the arrest warrants, but he argued the murder case should be sent for trial without any other accused persons appearing in court.

The Indian subsidiary is a defendant in the \$3 billion damage suit, and eight of its officers were named when the murder charges

Police dig up another

appeared Saturday soon after

Police Lieutenant Joe Enloe said at least one more body could still be buried there, based on the number of residents missing.

Will McIntyre, a neighbour,

He said neighbours had complained to Montalvo as long ago as last May about a smell like rotten fish coming from her gar-den. "She said it was fertiliser she was using on her flowers," McIntyre said.

Montalvo, 59, who is free on parole after being imprisoned for drugging and robbing three elderly people, gave police permission last week to dig up the grounds after a social worker reported one of the elderly guests living in the eight-bedroom house had disappeared.

Police said social security whose bodies had since been uncsaid the boarding house was a overed had been cashed after the

attorney for Union Carbide East- were filed last December.

body at 'Bates Motel' SACRAMENTO (R) — Police dug up the bodies of two more elderly residents Monday in the the fiendish Norman Bates.

gardens of a Victorian-style "Bates Motel" — "People check in but they don't check out" bringing to seven the number found so far. A country-wide search has been launched for the manager of

the boarding house, Dorthea Montalvo Puente, who dispolice, with picks, shovels and an earth mover, began uncovering bodies in the tree-shaded grounds, watched over by a statue of Saint Francis.

real-life version of the Bates people had died.

which starred Anthony Perkins as

checks in the names of people

Glasgow claws its way back from decline

By Raiph Boulton

GLASGOW, Scotland — The Scottish city of Glasgow, once infamous for its gangs of razor slashers and grim tenements, is clawing its way back from de-cades of decline.

Ten years ago, Glasgow hit the depths of humiliation when it was declared the worst urban environment in Western Europe. Thousands lost their jobs as shipyards and foundries closed and factories rusted on the banks of the river Clyde.

Now, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher claims the city as one of her economic "miracles." "There has been a remark-

architect Chris Purslow told Reuters. "The scars of decline are still there, but the city has come alive in the last few years. There's more money, more

able turnaround since those days of the 1960s," chief

cars and old houses are back to their old glory," he added. Police Superintendent

Angus Kennedy, who grew up in Glasgow in the 1950s, also believes "mean city" now has a kinder face. "Of course, there's still vio-

lence and heavy drinking there. But these days, I can walk through Glasgow city centre at eleven o'clock on a Friday night and not see a single angry man. Times are different, the gaugs have gone," he said. Thousands of old sandstone tenement houses, sootblack from smoking factories that made 19thcentury Glasgow the second city of the empire, have been scrubbed to salmon-pink elegance. The Clyde has been cleaned up and new shopping centres built.

Glasgoegians, however, refused to pay political bomage to Thatcher at a parliamentary by-election in the city's working-class Govan district this

month. The Conservative candidate polled a paltry seven pere cent of the vote. The Scottish National Party

(SNP), which seized the seat from the main opposition Labour Party in a major upset, complains that the wealthy south of England is bleeding the Scots. "The Scottish people will now start marching towards their destiny as an independent country," SNP victor Jim Sillars told voters.

For the SNP, improvements in Glasgow have been achieved despite Thatcher and not be-Glasgow's revival has been

fuelled partly by huge cash injections from the state-sponsored Scottish Development Agency (SDA). Since the early 1970s, Scotland, which constitutes a tenth of Britain's 58 million population, has also received a quarter of all European Economic Community (EEC) grants to the country. The crowning glory of the SDA drive was the clearance of acres of scrap and decaying warehouses on the banks of the Clyde to make way for a grand garden festival this summer. The riot of flowers and bushes is now yielding to new waterside flats, wine bars, restaurants, offices and a large

Rapidly rising house prices, limited to the affluent south of England until now, signal the city's newly-won attraction for wealthier professionals working in the new electronics factories and light engineering.

Beyond the city, the SDA has created "silicon glen" - a belt of electronics factories employing some 40,000.

Chief architect Purslow surprised colleagues when he took his job eight months ago by opting to live in Glasgow's deprived neighbourhood of Easterhouse, where unemployment runs at 40 per cent.

"That's where you see real poverty, the 'old' Glasgow that still hasn't gone away. People queue up at shops that sell yesterday's bread," he said.

Easterhouse is home to

many thousands of people who lost their jobs when the large factories and the shipyards, that once made a quarter of the world's ships, closed. Glasgow has lost 40 per cent of its industrial jobs since the 1970s. Many houses are now boarded up or simply abandoned to the elements. Unlike most cities in Britain, Glasgow has no shortage of houses and those that can afford to flee the bleakness of Easterhouse, get

Cosmetic surgery on the city. centre continues apace now as Glasgow prepares to step into the spotlight as "city of culture 1990" — a title bestowed by the same EEC body that declared it a grim eyesore 10 years ago.

Bush, Quayle share ancestors

BOSTON (R) — A genealogist said Monday that President-elect Bush and Vice-President-elect Dan Quayle were cousins, though the relationship was distant. Gary Boyd Roberts of the New England Historic Genealogical Society said the two Republican leaders' common ancestor was the Reverend John Mayo, a Boston and Cape Cod minister who died in 1676. Bush's presidential relatives outnumber Quayle's 10 to five and most, such as Abraham Lincoln and Ulysses S. Grant, are of solid Republican stock. But the president-elect's distant relations include Democrat Franklin Delano Roosevelt. Quayle's lineage may be a bit older than Bush's since he can trace his family lines to both Myles Standish and John Alden, leaders of the pilgrims who landed at Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1620. Roberts said. But Bush beats Quayle out in the royalty department as he is a 13th or 15th cousin of Britain's Queen Elizabeth, while Quayle is only a distant 20th cousin, Roberts said.

Wife beater' defeats indicted candidate

ATLANTA (R) — Given s choice between a "wife beater" and a Congressmen who accepted 'drug' money, the voters of Atlanta's fourth district chose what they thought was the lesser of two evils. The "wife beater" won. The contest has been called the dirtiest in an election year in which dirty contests abounded. Ex-actor Ben Jones, a former alcoholic once charged with hitting a former wife, easily beat two-term Republican Congressman Patrick Swindall, who is under indictment for lying to a grand jury about his role in a scheme to launder drug money. Jones had attacked Swindall for his alleged willingness to accept a loan from undercover agents posing as drug dealers, Swindall countered by saying Jones had a criminal record — he was once charged with drunk driving and with assaulting the second of his three wives.

Ronnie has great. respect for Maggie

WASHINGTON (AP) — U.S. President Ronald Reagan said-Monday that the best statesman. he ever met was British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher. Reagan complimented Britain's head of government before a group of school children, when he was asked if he thought the United States would ever have a woman president. "I'm certainly not against (a female president). Reagan said to the group in his White House office. "As a matter of fact, the statesman in the world that I have met, that I respect the most, is the prime minister of England, Margaret Thatcher, and she's done a remarkable job for England," the president said.

Michael Jackson's vocai chords swell

LOS ANGELES (R) — Pop star Michael Jackson cancelled a concert 20 minutes before the show was due to start at a packed arena Monday night. His spokesman said the singer's vocal chords were swollen. Lee Solters said Jackson, 30, who has been on a world concert tour, had also cancelled Tuesday's sold out performance at the sports forum because of his condition. Fans, who were told their tickets would be honoured when the concerts were eventually held, took the cancellation well, arena spokesman Bob Schwartz said.

Nancy Reagan: Raisa Gorbachev rude --by our standards'

LOS ANGELES (R) — Nancy Reagan says she found Raisa Gorbachev, wife of the Soviet leader, rude — "by our stan-dards." Asked in an interview, published in the Sunday edition of the Los Angeles Times, whether she found Mrs. Gorbachev to be rude, Reagan was quoted as saying: "By our standards, I suppose yes. Now, by her standards it might not be." The two women spent time together in Geneva, Washington and Moscow during meetings of their husbands and press reports spoke of frosty relations. "It's just coming from two completely different cultures and trying to get together for the first time and maybe one not understanding how the other works," Reagan was quoted as saying. "I think there was way too much attention paid about the whole thing." The newspaper said the interview was conducted at the White House Oct. 18 under an agreement that Reagan's comments would not be published before the presidential election last Tuesday.

The Soviet state shuttle Ruran (Snowstorm) and its rocket-carrier. Energiya at the launch pad in Central Asia (Sygma photo) **Buran voyage major** success for Soviets MOSCOW (AP) — The Soviet the Baikonur Cosmodrome pre-

Buran overcame the technical problems that scrubbed a planned Oct. 29 launch only 51 seconds before blast-off and a cold rain that threatened to coat the shuttle and its giant Energiya booster rocket with ice and force another

space station in September.,

The news agency reported that

basis by official Soviet television. Pointing to the 1986 explosion of the U.S. shuttle Challenger

that killed seven astronauts, Soviet officials say they will not make a manned flight until all the shuttle's systems are fully tested

tested its first reusable space craft Buran," official Radio Moscow

just landed on a special runway near the Baikonur Space Centre," the radio said, interrupting its regular programming about two minutes after the touchdown.

The delta-winged shuttle sepa-rated as planned from the liquid

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF Reagan to decide Iran-contra pardons

WASHINGTON (R) - As the Iran-contra criminal case slowly moves forward in court, President Reagan must decide before he leaves office in January whether to pardon the defendants, a move sure to unleash a storm of controversy. A pardon would spare Reagan and President-elect George Bush from having to testify at the Iran-contra trial expected to start next year and would end the case stemming from Reagan's worst foreign policy scandal. Conservative supporters of former White House aide Oliver North, an accused mastermind of the Iran-contra diversion scheme, have launched a campaign for a presidential

pardon before Reagan leaves office Jan. 20. **Botha hits at ANC**

JOHANNESBURG (AP) - President P.W. Botha, in caustic attacks on several groups Monday, said he was willing to fight the country's black guerrilla movement "to the bitter end." Botha, in a speech in Pretoria, made no mention of Nelson Mandela despite widespread speculation in recent weeks that the jailed African National Congress (ANC) leader may soon be freed. The 70-year-old Mandela, the country's best known black leader, has been imprisoned since 1962 on a life sentence for plotting to overthrow the government. Botha said the outlawed ANC guerrilla movement, which wages a bombing and sabotage campaign, was not interested in peaceful negotiations.

U.S. shuttle launch delayed

CAPE CANAVERAL (R) — The launch of the space shuttle Atlantis on a military mission may be delayed until the beginning December, a top U.S. space agency official said Monday. Conrad Nagel said managers at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) were considering Dec. 1 as the date for launching Atlantis on the second manned U.S. space mission since the 1986 Challenger disaster. Liftoff had originally been scheduled for before the Nov. 24 Thanksgiving holiday, but the target date had slipped to Nov. 28-30 on NASA's internal work schedules. The agency is expected to announce a firm launch date Wednesday after an exhaustive flight readiness review. Space agency sources have said the Atlantis is to deploy a \$500 million spy satellite capable of scanning 80 per cent of the

New Zealand lifts Soviet media ban

WELLINGTON, New Zealand (AP) — The government has lifted an eight-year ban on Soviet journalists being based in New Zealand by inviting the official Novosti news agency to send a representative here, it was reported Tuesday. Radio New Zealand said the decision following talks in Moscow Monday between Deputy Prime Minister Geoffrey Palmer and his Soviet counterpart, Vladimir Kamentsev.